

**Sanpete County
Subdivision Ordinance**

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Title 13
SUBDIVISIONS
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Title 13

SUBDIVISIONS

Chapter 13.04

GENERAL PROVISIONS AND ADMINISTRATION

Sections:

- 13.04.010** **Scope**
- 13.04.020** **Intent and purpose**
- 13.04.030** **Exemptions**
- 13.04.040** **Permits**
- 13.04.050** **Fees**
- 13.04.060** **Violation-penalty**

13.04.010 **Scope**

- A. No person shall divide, re-subdivide, or propose to divide land which is located wholly or in part with in Sanpete County into two or more (any division of land) lots, parcels, sites, units, plots, or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, for offer, sale, lease, or development either on the installment plan or upon any and all other plans, terms, and conditions, except in compliance with this title and with the subdivision regulations adopted by the board of county commissioners of Sanpete County.
- B. No person shall sell or exchange, or offer to sell or exchange any parcel of land which is any part of a subdivision of a larger tract of land, nor offer for recording in the office of the county recorder any deed conveying such parcel of land, or any interest therein, unless such subdivision has been created pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of this title and local regulation; provided, that this title shall not apply to any lot or lots forming a part of a subdivision created and recorded according to then applicable law prior to the effective date of the ordinance codified in this title, except as provided in subsection C of this section. This title shall apply, however, to lots created prior to adoption of the ordinance codified in this title and not in compliance with then applicable law.
- C. No lot within a subdivision created and recorded prior to the effective date of the ordinance codified in this title or approved by the planning commission and board of county commissioners and recorded in the county recorder's office under the provisions of this title, shall be further divided, rearranged, added to or reduced in area, nor shall any boundaries of any lot be altered in any manner so as to create or form a lot, without first obtaining the approval of the planning commission and the board of county commissioners.
- D. Restricted lots are prohibited unless geotechnical design solutions to problems associated with such lots have been prepared by a qualified professional team and approved by the planning commission.
- E. This shall be known as the Sanpete County Subdivision Ordinance and shall be so cited and pleaded. Those definitions at U.C.A. 17-27-103 are hereby adopted by reference and like terms shall have the same meaning within this Ordinance.

13.04.020 Intent and purpose.

The purpose of this title and the intent of Sanpete County in the adoption of the ordinance codified in this title is to promote the health, safety, convenience and general welfare of the present and future inhabitants of Sanpete County. The title will accomplish this purpose by:

- A. Providing policies, standards, requirements, and procedures to regulate and control the design improvement of all subdivisions;
- B. Assisting in the implementation of the objectives, policies, and programs of the general plan by ensuring that all proposed subdivisions, together with provisions for their design and improvement, are consistent with the general plan and all applicable specific plans;
- C. Preserving and protecting, to the maximum extent possible, unique and valuable natural resources and amenities, including topographic and geologic features, natural watercourses, fish and wildlife habitats, historical and cultural places, and scenic vistas and attractions; and improving the public's access to and enjoyment of such resources and amenities through the dedication or continuance of appropriate public easements thereto;
- D. Preserving and protecting the special environmental quality and aesthetic character of all hillside and mountainous areas; preventing detrimental impacts on the soil mantle, vegetative cover, and other environmental factors; reducing the hazards to life and property from fire, flood, erosion, sedimentation and soil slippage; and relating the amount of grading within a subdivision to the slope of the natural terrain;
- E. Encouraging quality clustering of housing developments where subdivisions are permitted in hillside and mountainous areas, minimizing grading, preserving the natural terrain, and enlarging the open space;
- F. Relating land use intensity and population density to existing developments, street capacity and traffic access, the slope of the natural terrain, the availability and capacity of public facilities and utilities, and open spaces.
- G. Providing lots of sufficient size and appropriate design for the purposes for which they are to be used;
- H. Providing streets of adequate capacity and design for the traffic that will utilize them, and ensuring maximum safety for pedestrians and users of vehicles;
- I. Ensuring adequate access to each building site;
- J. Providing sidewalks, pedestrian ways, and equestrian and hiking trails for the safety, convenience, and enjoyment of residents of new developments;
- K. Providing adequate systems of water drainage, street lighting, and other utilities needed for public health, safety and convenience.
- L. Providing adequate sites for public facilities needed to serve residents of new developments;
- M. Ensuring that costs of providing land for streets, alleys, pedestrian ways, easements, and other rights-of-way and for the improvements therein needed to serve new developments are borne by the subdivider(s);
- N. Preventing land which is actually or potentially dangerous by reason of flood hazard, inundation, inadequate access, inadequate water supply or fire protection, insufficient sewerage facilities, or hazardous geological conditions from being subdivided for any use or in any manner tending to create and increased detriment to the public health, safety or welfare;
- O. Ensuring that, insofar as possible, land is subdivided in a manner that will promote the public health, safety, convenience, and general welfare and the physical, social and economic development of the area in conformance with the general plan.

13.04.030 Exemptions.

Any land divided for any purpose into two or more parts (any division of land) after the passage of the ordinance codified in this title shall be subject to the provisions and regulations herein, except the following, which are exempt therefrom:

- A. a bona fide division or partition of agricultural land for agricultural purposes;
- B. a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining properties adjusting their mutual boundary if:
 - 1. no new lot is created; and
 - 2. the adjustment does not result in a violation of applicable zoning ordinances;
- C. a recorded document, executed by the owner of record, revising the legal description of more than one contiguous parcel of property into one legal description encompassing all such parcels of property; or
- D. a bona fide division or partition of land for the purpose of siting, on one or more of the resulting separate parcels, an unmanned facility appurtenant to a pipeline owned or operated by a gas corporation, interstate pipeline company, or intrastate pipeline company.

13.04.040 Permits.

From the effective date of the ordinance codified in this title, the building official shall not grant a permit, nor shall any officer of Sanpete County grant any license or permit for the use of any land or the construction or alteration of any building or structure on a lot which would be in violation of any of the provisions of this title, the zoning ordinance, or on a lot in a subdivision created by judicial decree, until a subdivision plat thereof has been recorded, or approved as required by this title. Any license or permit issued in conflict with such provisions shall be null and void.

13.04.050 Fees.

At the time of filing an application for approval at any step or stage of the subdivision process, a non-refundable fee must be submitted, payable to Sanpete County, in accordance with the currently applicable fee schedule as adopted by the board of county commissioners.

13.04.060 Violation-Penalty.

- A. Any person, firm or corporation, whether as principal, agent or employee who violates or causes the violation of any of the provisions of this title shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided by law.
- B. In addition, Sanpete County by action of the board of county commissioners may institute injunction, mandamus, abatement or other appropriate civil action or actions to prevent, enjoin, abate or remove acts or uses in violation of this title, and State and Federal laws.
- C. The county attorney, with or without express action of the local governing body, may institute injunction, mandamus, abatement or other appropriate civil action to prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove acts or uses in violation of this title, and in accordance with State and Federal laws in order to protect and validate the constitutional rights of Sanpete County and its citizens.

Chapter 13.06

ADOPTION AND AMENDMENT

Sections:

- 13.06.010 Utah Code Requirements.**
- 13.06.020 Preparation and Adoption.**
- 13.06.030 Amendment of the Subdivision Ordinance.**

13.06.010 Utah Code Requirements.

Upon recommendation by the Planning Commission, the Sanpete County Commission shall enact a Subdivision Ordinance requiring that persons engaged in subdividing land comply with applicable provisions of U.C.A. Title 17, Chapter 27 and the regulations specified herein.

13.06.020 Preparation and Adoption.

The Sanpete County Planning Commission shall:

- A. Prepare and recommend a proposed Subdivision Ordinance to the Sanpete County Commission that shall regulate the subdivision of land within Sanpete County;
- B. Hold a public hearing on the Subdivision Ordinance before making a final recommendation to the County Commission; and
- C. Provide reasonable notice of the public hearing at least 14 days before the date of the hearing.
- D. The Sanpete County Commission shall also hold a public hearing on the proposed Subdivision Ordinance recommended to it by the Planning Commission and provide reasonable notice of the public hearing at least 14 days before the date of the hearing.
- E. After the public hearing, the County Commission may adopt the Subdivision Ordinance as proposed; amend the Ordinance and either adopt or reject it as amended; or reject the Ordinance.

13.06.030 Amendment of the Subdivision Ordinance.

The Sanpete County Commission may, upon recommendation of the Planning Commission, amend provisions of this Subdivision Ordinance by following and complying with procedures contained in Section 13.06.020.

Chapter 13.08

DEFINITIONS

Sections:

- 13.08.010 Generally.**
- 13.08.020 Definitions.**

13.08.010 Generally.

Unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions shall be used in the interpretation and construction of this title. Words used in the present tense include the future; the singular number shall include the plural, and the plural the singular; the word “building” shall include the word “structure”; the words “used” or “occupied” shall include arranged, designed, constructed, altered, converted, rented, leased, or intended to be used or occupied; the word “shall” is mandatory and not directory, and the word “may” is permissive; the word “person” includes a firm, association, organization partnership, trust, company, or corporation as well as an individual; the word “lot” includes the words plot, or parcel. Words used in this title but not defined herein shall have the meaning as defined in any other ordinance adopted by Sanpete County.

13.08.020 Definitions. (See Appendix A)

Chapter 13.12

PROCEDURE

Sections:

- 13.12.010 Signed documentation of closest municipality showing the municipalities’ rejection of an annexation request prior to submittal of subdivision application.**
- 13.12.020 General subdivision procedure.**
- 13.12.030 Approval of planning commission and an improvements agreement required prior to approval of the board of county commissioners.**
- 13.12.040 Approval of planning commission-A process rather than intermediate step.**
- 13.12.050 Failure of planning commission to act on final plat to be deemed approval of final plat.**
- 13.12.060 Application for designation as minor subdivision.**

- 13.12.010 Signed documentation of closest municipality showing the municipalities’ rejection of an annexation request prior to submittal of subdivision application.**

All subdivision applications to the county require documentation of closest municipality within the municipalities notification area or zone, or public entity showing the municipalities’ rejection of an annexation request, and upon recommendation of the county planning commission, other municipalities may also be required to reject an annexation request by the subdivider before acceptance of any subdivision application by the county. **(Land Use Ordinance, Title 14, City Buffer Zone Application, page xxi)**

13.12.020 General subdivision procedure.

The procedure by which required writings and material shall be submitted to, reviewed by, and approved or disapproved by the planning commission shall be as hereinafter specified.

- A. All writings and materials required at any stage of the subdivision procedure shall be submitted at least fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the regularly scheduled planning commission meeting at which the applicant desires to appear.

- B. Any filing and review fees required by rule of the planning commission or board of county commissioners for any stage of the subdivision procedure, shall be submitted together with those writings and material specified in subsection A of this section.
- C. Upon receipt of all required writings, fees and materials for any specific stage of the subdivision procedure, the planning commission shall docket the subdivider's application for review. Incomplete submittals shall not be docketed for planning commission review. Complete applications, including all required submittals, which are submitted to the planning commission less than fourteen (14) calendar days prior to a regularly scheduled meeting of the planning commission shall be docketed for review at the next such regularly scheduled meeting to allow time for review by the planning commission staff.
- D. At each stage of the subdivision procedure, the planning commission shall approve or disapprove of the writings and material submitted to it, and where applicable, shall approve or disapprove of the entire subdivision or any portion thereof. Any approval or disapproval made by the planning commission shall be in the form of written findings of fact and conclusions included in the approved minutes of the meeting.
- E. Any approval or disapproval by the planning commission described in this chapter may be appealed directly to the board of county commissioners.
- F. No excavation nor alteration of the terrain within a proposed subdivision may be undertaken prior approval of the final plat by the county commission, approval or disapproval in conformity with the procedures set forth in this chapter; excavation or alteration of the land prior to approval of the final plat may be cause for disapproval of the proposed subdivision.
- G. Receipt of any document for purposes of official planning commission action shall be deemed to occur only at regularly scheduled meetings of the planning commission.
- H. Steps in the procedure are as follows:
 - 1. Step 1: Submit Concept Plan.
 Subdividers shall submit a concept plan to the planning commission prior to the submission of a preliminary plat (preliminary design plan). The concept plan shall enable the subdivider and the planning commission to have an informal preliminary review of a proposed subdivision for general scope and conditions which might affect said subdivision for general scope and conditions which might affect said subdivision. The concept plan shall be reviewed by the planning commission or its appointed representative under guidelines set forth in **Chapter 13.16**, and must be approved by the zoning administrator before subsequent submittals will be reviewed under the process outlined in this chapter.
 Approval of the concept plan shall remain valid for six (6) months. Thereafter, approval of the concept plan shall expire, unless the time of approval is extended by the planning commission.
 - 2. Step 2: Submit Preliminary Design Plan (Preliminary Plat).
 Subdividers shall submit a preliminary design plan once the concept plan has been approved. The preliminary design plan shall provide design solutions for problems identified in the approved concept plan. Submission requirements and time required for review and notification are included in **Chapter 13.20**. The preliminary design plan shall have been approved by the planning commission in a public meeting before the planning commission will review submittals for final plat approval. Approval of the preliminary design plan shall be valid for twelve (12) months. Thereafter, approval of the preliminary design plan will have expired unless a final

plat has been submitted to the planning commission, or an extension has been granted by the planning commission.

3. Step 3: Submit Final Plat.

Once a preliminary design plan has been approved by the planning commission, and County Commission, the subdivider shall submit a final plat and supporting documents. The final plat shall be reviewed by the planning commission and appropriate action taken under the process outlined in **Chapter 13.24**.

Once approved by the planning commission and the board of county commissioners, the final plat may be recorded and lots may then be sold.

13.12.030 Approval of planning commission and an improvements agreement required prior to approval of the board of county commissioners.

Before they authorize signature on the Final Plat, County Commissioners shall confirm that the owner has posted the required cash bond or letter of credit together with a Subdivision Improvements Agreement guaranteeing required improvements. The County Commission shall approve, disapprove, or make modifications to the Final Plat as they deem necessary to ensure that the Final Plat conforms to the approved Preliminary Plat and to applicable Sanpete County Ordinances. After appropriate signatures are affixed to the Final Plat, the County Commission or County Clerk, shall have the Final Plat recorded in the office of the Sanpete County Recorder.

13.12.040 Approval of planning commission- A process rather than intermediate step.

The planning commission shall grant approval for any subdivision only after a subdivider has complied with the process outlined in this title. Intermediate approvals at each phase of the process shall not be construed to mean an approval of the subdivision for submission to the board of county commissioners.

13.12.050 Failure of planning commission to act on final plat to be deemed approval of final plat.

Failure of the planning commission to act by recommending to the board of county commissioners the approval, conditional approval or disapproval of a final plat within forty-five (45) days of the receipt of such plat, by the planning commission, shall be deemed to be a favorable approval of the planning commission, unless an extended time period is necessary for review or consideration as granted by the board of county commissioners.

13.12.060 Application for designation as minor subdivision.

The owner or agent of the owner of a tract or parcel of land proposed to be divided into fewer than five (5) building sites, tracts or lots, shall apply to the planning commission for designation of development as a minor subdivision, if such division meets the requirements for a minor subdivision as outlined herein. Such application shall include a legal description of the tract and of the proposed lots and the vicinity plan indicating the relation of the lots to existing roads.

Chapter 13.16

CONCEPT PLAN

Sections:

13.16.010 Procedures and requirements for submission.

13.16.020 Review procedure-Concept plan.

13.16.010 Procedures and requirements for submission.

The subdivider shall submit three (3) copies of a concept plan to the planning commission, or to the zoning administrator if authorized by the planning commission, for review and discussion on site plan and general scope and conditions. The plan shall include the following items:

- A. City Buffer Zone Application form: (**Land Use Ordinance, Title 14, City Buffer Zone Application, page xxi**)
- B. The proposed name of the subdivision;
- C. a vicinity plan;
- D. a proposed lot and street layout, indicating general scaled dimensions of lots to the nearest foot;
- E. a description of the type of water system proposed; also, documentation of water rights, and of historic water use;
 1. When private wells and on-site adsorption sewage disposal systems are proposed, a description of how each proposed lot will conform to the standard protection radius around the well-head; (**refer to 13.28.170**)
- F. a description of the type of sewer or sanitary waste system proposed;
- G. a description of the method of financing improvements and a statement concerning the timing of improvement installation, specifically improvements that are to be installed following the recording of the final plat and the nature of the security which will be offered to Sanpete County to assure installation of said improvements;
- H. The acreage of the entire tract proposed for the subdivision, including plans for maintenance and ownership of remaining non-buildable lands as required in the zoning ordinance; (**refer to 14.76.030 and 14.76.060**)
- I. geologic hazards known to the subdivider or the planning commission, within the tract;
- J. a written statement of the intent of the subdivider, and such other information as in the subdivider's opinion may establish and feasibility, design criteria, and overall impact of the proposed subdivision;
- K. letters of feasibility from the appropriate health officers of the proposed water and sewerage systems necessary to meet the requirements of this title, the local health officer, and the state Department of Environmental Quality, Central Utah District.

13.16.020 Review procedure-Concept plan.

The planning commission, or its authorized representative, shall, upon receipt of the complete submission, distribute copies of the plan to the planning commission staff for review and such government departments and other agencies as in the opinion of the planning commission may contribute to a decision in the best interests of the public. The

planning commission or its authorized representative shall review the concept plan submittals and determine compliance with the general plan, zoning ordinance, the subdivision ordinance, and other regulations of the county. The planning commission or its authorized representative shall notify the subdivider of the concept plan, review findings including questionable design or engineering feasibility, inadequacy of submittals, noncompliance with local regulations, and the need for other information which may assist the planning commission to evaluate the proposed subdivision. If it is determined by the planning commission that the proposed subdivision would violate local ordinances and regulation, no further review of the proposed subdivision shall be made by the planning commission, and a new concept plan shall be required to reinitiate the subdivision process. Other than as above mentioned, the review of the concept plan shall not constitute an absolute disapproval of the proposed subdivision, but rather shall operate in such a manner as to give the subdivider guidance as to the requirements and constraints for subdivision within the county, until such time as the requirements of the planning commission are complied with an approval of the concept plan is granted. Once concept plan approval is granted, the subdivider may apply for preliminary design plan approval. If preliminary design plan approval for a proposed subdivision has not been obtained within six months of the date on which the concept plan was approved, a resubmittal of the concept plan shall be required by the planning commission prior to filing an application for preliminary design plan approval.

Chapter 13.20

PRELIMINARY DESIGN PLAN

Sections:

- 13.20.010 Submission requirements.**
- 13.20.020 Additional prints may be required.**
- 13.20.030 Drawing requirements.**
- 13.20.040 Supporting documents required.**
- 13.20.050 Summary statement of proposal.**
- 13.20.060 Review procedure-Preliminary plan.**
- 13.20.070 The planning commission approval.**

13.20.010 Submission requirements.

Three (3) copies of all drawings and other informational material required by this chapter shall be submitted to the planning commission by the subdivider at least fourteen (14) days prior to the next regularly scheduled planning commission meeting.

13.20.020 Additional prints may be required.

Additional prints of the preliminary design plan may be required by the planning commission when deemed necessary by said commission to secure adequate review of the preliminary design plan.

13.20.030 Drawing requirements.

The accuracy of location of alignments, boundaries, and monuments shall be certified by a registered land surveyor licensed to do such work in the state of Utah. A workmanlike execution of the design plan shall be made in every detail. A poorly drawn or illegible design plan is sufficient cause for rejection. The following data shall be submitted as part of the preliminary design plan submission:

- A. A drawing showing perimeter outline of the proposed subdivision, accesses, abutting subdivision outlines and names, and other relevant information within the logical planning area of the subdivision as determined by the planning commission or its authorized representative in the concept plan review;
- B. A traverse map of the monumented (**see Section 13.24.050**) perimeter of the proposed subdivision. The traverse shall have an error of closure of not greater than one part in ten thousand (10,000). Survey tie into a legal corner or other permanent marker established by the county surveyor is required;
- C. The existing contours at two-foot intervals for predominant ground slopes within the tract between level and five percent grade and five-foot contours for predominant ground slopes within the tract over five percent grade. Elevations shall be based on National Geodetic Survey sea level data. In cases of predominantly level topography throughout a subdivision, one-foot interval contours may be required;
- D. Lot and street layout;
- E. Dimensions of all lots to nearest foot (which may be scaled values); except that for minor subdivisions which will not have a final map, the drawing scale and accuracy shall be as required for final plats in **Chapter 13-24**;
- F. Total acreage of entire proposed subdivision;
- G. Lots and blocks numbered consecutively and Address on Mylar.
- H. Locations and identification of all existing and proposed public and private easements;
- I. Existing and proposed street names; proposed names must receive approval of the planning commission;
- J. Street profiles to show proposed grades;
- K. The plat shall be drawn to a scale not less than one inch equals fifty (50) feet, and shall indicate the basis of bearings, true north point, name of subdivisions, name of county, name municipality, township, range, section, and quarter section, block and lot number of the property under consideration;
- L. General location in the subdivision area of trees over six inches in diameter, measured at four and one-half feet above the ground. In cases of heavily wooded areas, indication of the outline of wooded area and location of trees which are to remain. It is the intent of this requirement to determine the approximate location of trees for design evaluation rather than to require unnecessary surveying of exact tree location;
- M. An affidavit (certificate for clear title) that the applicant is the owner; the equitable owner, or authorized by the owner in writing to make application for the land proposed to be subdivided;
- N. Sites, if any, to be reserved or dedicated for parks, playgrounds, schools, or other public uses;
- O. Sites, if any, for community facilities, or other uses, exclusive of single-family dwellings;
- P. Location, function, ownership, and manner of maintenance of common open space or non-buildable area not otherwise reserved or dedicated for public use.

13.20.040 Supporting documents required.

Three (3) copies of the following shall accompany and be a part of the submission:

- A. A sewage disposal report or mode of sewage treatment when on-lot sewage treatment is proposed;
- B. A vicinity plan;
- C. A map at a suitable scale showing the following:
 - 1. Proposed storm water drainage systems. (Note: Detailed design of drainage structures is not required for preliminary design.),
 - 2. Approximate boundaries of areas subject to inundation or storm water overflows of an intensity estimated to occur with a return frequency of once every one hundred (100) years,
 - 3. A composite utilities easement plan showing location, size and proposed use of all easements. All utilities must be constructed within approved easements and extended to property lines of all lots within the subdivision,
 - 4. When private wells and on-site adsorption sewage disposal systems are proposed, a plan showing the proposed location of each well and disposal system following the required standard protection radius for each well; **(refer to 13.28.170)**
- D. The substance of all other covenants, grants of easements or restrictions to be imposed upon the use of the land, buildings, and structures;
- E. Preliminary grading, plans, showing existing grades with dashed line contours and proposed grades superimposed with solid line contours. Plans and plats for any hillside area subdivision shall also indicate the natural slope greater than 25% by cross hatching; the location of proposed cuts and fills; the storm water drainage for the subdivision; a vegetation and re-vegetation plan; and an environmental impact Certification required by the Sanpete County Zoning Ordinance.
- F. Geologic maps and investigation reports regarding area suitability for the proposed development, to satisfy concept plan findings;
- G. A letter from each utility company involved, addressed to the planning commission, stating that they have reviewed the plan and are setting forth their comments concerning the extent of services, the design of utility easements to every lot within the subdivision; the plan approved by the utility company shall be returned, initialed by the company, to the planning commission;
 - 1. Letter of waiver from the Irrigation Company or Water District involved, indicating approval of transferring water shares from the Irrigation Company or Water District to be submitted to the State Division of Water Rights for a “change application” for culinary uses of the appropriate number of water shares.
- H. An environmental impact assessment;
- I. A change application for culinary water usage, issued by the State Division of Water Rights, that verifies adequate water volumes and quality for domestic uses, for each proposed lot , when not part of a central water system.
- J. Verification and approval of roads to compliance with all road standards contained within this code
- K. A signed Subdivision Improvements Agreement may be required for minor subdivisions. **(see Chapter 13.32).**
- L. Letter of approval from U.D.O.T. and/or County Road Department giving approval for access to and from any state or county regulated road or highway.

- M. Letter of waiver must be signed concerning delays in Fire and Police response when located within the County.
- N. The plat shall be submitted to the County Recorder's office for review; before it is submitted to the planning commission for final approval.
- O. City Buffer Zone Application form, for all proposed subdivision developments within the RA Zones of Sanpete County. (**Land Use Ordinance, Title 14, City Buffer Zone Application, page xxi**)

13.20.050 Summary statement of proposal.

From the supporting documents a summary statement shall be prepared by the subdivider and submitted in a cover letter with the preliminary design plan submittals. The summary statement shall include:

- A. Total development area, and number of proposed dwelling units;
- B. Total number of off-street parking spaces;
- C. Estimated number of gallons per day of water requirements where distribution system is utilized;
- D. Estimated number of gallons per day of sewage to be treated, by a sewage treatment facility;
- E. Estimated constructions cost and proposed method of financing of the streets and related facilities; water distribution system; sewage collections system; storm drainage facilities; and such other utilities as may be necessary;
- F. Survey notes of subdivision perimeter survey, and copies of all monument records.

13.20.060 Review procedure--Preliminary design plan.

- A. The planning commission, or its authorized representative, may upon the receipt of the complete submission, distribute copies of the plan provided by the subdivider to the planning commission staff for review and other agencies as follows:

- 1. Sanpete County Commission;
- 2. Road Department of Sanpete County;
- 3. Other interested governmental departments of Sanpete County;

Distribution to the following agencies may require delivery by certified mail:

- 1. The school district in which the property proposed for subdivision is located;
- 2. Other agencies which in the opinion of the planning commission may contribute to a more intelligent design solution to problems which may be encountered by the subdivision in question. Examples of such agencies include:
 - a. Cities and towns near proposed subdivision;
 - b. Any affected water quality control agency;
 - c. Any affected utility or special district or irrigation company;
 - d. The Utah State Section of Forestry and Fire Control, where applicable (such as for mountain subdivisions and in heavily wooded areas);
 - e. The multi-county planning district office;
 - f. The Soil Conservation District Board within which the subdivision is located, for review and recommendations regarding soil suitability, flooding problems, and erosion control;

- g. The local health officer and the Central Utah Public Health Department for their review of the sewage disposal reports, for review of adequacy of existing or proposed sewage treatment works to be built to handle estimated effluent, and for a report on the quality and quantity of the proposed water supply to serve the proposed subdivision;
 - h. The state engineer for review of water rights, historic use and estimated water yield to supply the proposed development, if the water supply is not to be furnished from a public water system approved by the state Department of Environmental Quality, Central Utah District; and
 - i. The Utah Geological Survey.
 - j. Change applications, from Utah State Division of Water Rights, must be submitted to the Planning Commission, verifying appropriate culinary water uses for each proposed lot, for minor subdivisions.
 - k. Roads must be engineered, approved and built in compliance with the Road Standards and agreements contained within this code, for minor subdivisions; in major subdivisions the roads will be hard surfaced, according to engineered specs
 - l. In a subdivision if a county road needs to be altered, the subdivider will bear the costs.
- B. Failure of any of the above agencies to respond to the planning commission with comments concerning the subdivision within twenty-five (25) days of review of a copy of the preliminary design plan application from the planning commission shall be construed as indicating that such agency or department has no concern with the proposed subdivision.
- C. The planning commission shall consider the application for preliminary design plan approval at its next regularly scheduled public meeting following a twenty-five (25) day review and processing period shall be measured from the date on which the preliminary design plan application is initially reviewed by the planning commission.

13.20.070 The planning commission approval.

- A. The planning commission shall approve only those preliminary design plans which the commission finds to be developed in accordance with the intent, standards, and criteria specified in this title and other regulations of the county.
- B. The planning commission shall only approve preliminary design plans which conform to approved concept plans.
- C. The planning commission shall determine from a review of the preliminary design plan whether the soil, slope, vegetation, and the drainage characteristics of the site are such as to require substantial cutting, clearing, grading, and other earthmoving operations in the construction of the subdivision, or otherwise entail an erosion hazard, and, if so, the planning commission shall require the subdivider to provide soil erosion and sedimentation control plans and specifications. Such control plans and specifications shall be prepared by a person trained and qualified in such matters, as is determined by the planning commission using the county conservation standards, with the costs of preparation of such plans and specifications being borne by the subdivider.
- D. When, in the opinion of the planning commission, public facilities should be constructed within the boundaries of a proposed subdivision to achieve community standards established in the general plan of the county, the subdivider shall reserve a site

appropriate in area and location for such public facility. Such site shall be reserved by the subdivider for a period of not less than one year from the date of preliminary design plan approval, to provide the appropriate public agency an opportunity to purchase the site. A determination by the planning commission to require such a reservation by a subdivider shall be made in writing and shall state the reasons for such requirement.

- E. Within forty-five (45) days after review of the preliminary design plan at a public meeting, the planning commission shall approve, disapprove, or approve with conditions the preliminary design plan, and notify the subdivider in writing of such action, or may postpone action to allow the subdivider time to provide material or additional information needed by the planning commission, to then determine appropriate action.

Chapter 13.21

DESIGN PLAN FOR MINOR SUBDIVISIONS

Sections:

- 13.21.010 Requirements for minor subdivision.**
- 13.21.020 Submission requirements.**
- 13.21.030 Additional prints may be required.**
- 13.21.040 Drawing requirements.**
- 13.21.050 Supporting documents required.**
- 13.21.060 Summary statement of proposal.**
- 13.21.070 Review procedure-Preliminary plan.**
- 13.21.080 The planning commission approval.**
- 13.21.090 HB 1001 Exemption**

13.21.010 Requirements for minor subdivision.

- A. The subdivision consists of fewer than five lots.
- B. The subdivision does not require the dedication of any land for street or other public purposes.
- C. The subdivision is not traversed by the mapped lines of a proposed street or a street to be widened, as shown on the general plan.
- D. Each of the lots in the subdivision meets the frontage, width and area requirements of the zoning ordinance.
- E. There is no dispute, whether actual or implied by conflicting records of title or surveys, as to the ownership of the land within the proposed subdivision.
- F. The dimensions of the lots as shown on the plat are precise.
- G. Each lot in the subdivision has been or will be, provided with improvements as required in this title and the subdivision regulations for non-minor subdivisions.
- H. No tract or parcel may have more than 1 minor subdivision.

13.21.020 Submission requirements.

Two (2) copies of all drawings and other informational material required by this chapter shall be submitted to the planning commission by the subdivider at least fourteen (14) days prior to the next regularly scheduled planning commission meeting.

13.21.030 Additional prints may be required.

Additional prints of the preliminary design plan may be required by the planning commission when deemed necessary by said commission to secure adequate review of the subdivision design plan.

13.21.040 Drawing requirements.

The accuracy of location of alignments, boundaries, and monuments shall be certified by a registered land surveyor licensed to do such work in the State of Utah. A workmanlike execution of the design plan shall be made in every detail. A poorly drawn or illegible design plan is sufficient cause for rejection. The following data shall be submitted as part of the preliminary design plan submission.

- A. A plat showing perimeter outline of the proposed subdivision, accesses, abutting subdivision outlines and names, and other relevant information within the logical planning area of the subdivision as determined by the planning commission or its authorized representative.
- B. A traverse map of the monumented (**see Section 13.24.050**) perimeter of the proposed subdivision. The traverse shall have an error of closure of not greater than one part in ten thousand (10,000). Survey tie into a legal corner or other permanent marker established by the county surveyor is required;
- C. The existing contours at two-foot intervals for predominant ground slopes within the tract between level and five percent grade and five-foot contours for predominant ground slopes within the tract over five percent grade. Elevations shall be based on National Geodetic Survey sea level data. In cases of predominately level topography throughout a subdivision, one-foot interval contours may be required;
- D. Lot and street layout;
- E. Dimensions of all lots;
- F. Total acreage of entire proposed subdivision;
- G. Lots and blocks numbered consecutively and Address on Mylar.
- H. Locations and identification of all existing and proposed public and private easements;
- I. Existing and proposed street names; proposed names must receive approval of the planning commission;
- J. The plat shall be drawn to a scale not less than one inch equals one-hundred (100) feet, and shall indicate the basis of bearings, true north point, name of subdivisions, name of county, name municipality, township, range, section, and quarter section, block and lot number of the property under consideration;
- K. An affidavit (certificate for clear title) that the applicant is the owner; the equitable owner, or authorized agent by the owner in writing to make application for the land proposed to be subdivided;
- L. Location, function, ownership, and manner of maintenance of common open space or non-buildable area not otherwise reserved or dedicated for public use.
- M. Roads must be engineered or approved and built in compliance with the Road Standards and agreements contained within this code.

13.21.050 Supporting documents required.

Two (2) copies of the following shall accompany and be a part of the submission:

- A. A sewage disposal report or mode of sewage treatment when on-lot sewage treatment is proposed;
- B. A vicinity plan;
- C. A map at a suitable scale showing the following:
 - 1. Proposed storm water drainage systems.
 - 2. A composite utilities easement plan showing location, size and proposed use of all easements. All utilities must be constructed within approved easements and extended to property lines of all lots within the subdivision,
 - 3. When private wells and on-site adsorption sewage disposal systems are proposed, a plan showing the proposed location of each well and disposal system following the required standard protection radius for each well; **(refer to 13.28.170)**
- D. The substance of all other covenants, grants of easements or restrictions to be imposed upon the use of the land, buildings, and structures;
- E. Preliminary grading, plans, showing existing grades with dashed line contours and proposed grades superimposed with solid line contours. Plans and plats for any hillside area subdivision shall also indicate the natural slope greater than 25% by cross hatching; the location of proposed cuts and fills; the storm water drainage for the subdivision; a vegetation and re-vegetation plan;
- F. A letter from each utility company involved, addressed to the planning commission, stating that they have reviewed the plan and are setting forth their comments concerning the extent of services, the design of utility easements to every lot within the subdivision; the plan approved by the utility company shall be returned, initialed by the company, to the planning commission.
 - 1. Letter of waiver from the Irrigation Company or Water District involved, indicating approval of transferring water shares from the Irrigation Company or Water District to be submitted to the State Division of Water Rights for a “change application” for culinary uses of the appropriate number of water shares.
- G. A change application for culinary water usage, issued by the State Division of Water Rights, that verifies adequate water volumes and quality for domestic uses, for each proposed lot, when not part of a central water system.
- H. Verification and approval of roads to compliance with all road standards contained within this code.
- I. A signed Subdivision Improvements Agreement may be required for minor subdivisions.
- J. Letter of approval from U.D.O.T. and/or County Road Department giving approval for access to and from any state or county regulated road or highway.
- K. Letter of waiver must be signed concerning delays in Fire and Police response when located within the County.
- L. The plat shall be submitted to the County Recorder’s office for review; before it is submitted to the planning commission for final approval.
- M. City Buffer Zone Application form, for all proposed subdivision developments within the RA Zones of Sanpete County. **(Land Use Ordinance, Title 14, City Buffer Zone Application, page xxi)**

13.21.060 Summary statement of proposal.

From the supporting documents a summary statement shall be prepared by the subdivider and submitted in a cover letter with the plat. The summary statement shall include:

- A. Total development area, and number of proposed dwelling units;

- B. Survey notes of subdivision perimeter survey, and copies of all monument records.

13.21.070 Review procedure–Design plat.

- A. The planning commission, or its authorized representative, may upon the receipt of the complete submission, distribute copies of the plan provided by the subdivider to the planning commission staff for review and other agencies as follows:
 - 1. Sanpete County Commission;
 - 2. Road Department of Sanpete County
In a subdivision if a county road needs to be altered, the subdivider will bear the costs.
 - 3. Irrigation Company for the area
 - 4. Other interested governmental departments of Sanpete County;
- C. Failure of any of the above agencies to respond to the planning commission with comments concerning the subdivision within twenty-five (25) days of review of a copy of the preliminary design plan application from the planning commission shall be construed as indicating that such agency or department has no concern with the proposed subdivision.
- D. The planning commission shall consider the application for the design plan approval at its next regularly scheduled public meeting following a twenty-five (25) day review and processing period shall be measured from the date on which the preliminary design plan application is initially reviewed by the planning commission.

13.21.080 The planning commission approval.

- A. The planning commission shall approve only those design plans which the commission finds to be developed in accordance with the intent, standards, and criteria specified in this title and other regulations of the county.
- B. The planning commission shall determine from a review of the design plan whether the soil, slope, vegetation, and the drainage characteristics of the site are such as to require substantial cutting, clearing, grading, and other earth-moving operations in the construction of the subdivision, or otherwise entail an erosion hazard, and, if so, the planning commission shall require the subdivider to provide soil erosion and sedimentation control plans and specifications shall be prepared by a person trained and qualified in such matters, as is determined by the planning commission using the county conservation standards, with the costs of preparation of such plans and specifications being borne by the subdivider.
- C. When, in the opinion of the planning commission, public facilities should be constructed within the boundaries of a proposed subdivision to achieve community standards established in the general plan of the county, the subdivider shall reserve a site appropriate in area and location for such public facility. Such site shall be reserved by the subdivider for a period of not less than one year from the date of design plan approval, to provide the appropriate public agency an opportunity to purchase the site. A determination by the planning commission to require such a reservation by a subdivider shall be made in writing and shall state the reasons for such requirement.
- D. Within forty-five (45) days after review of the design plan at a public meeting, the planning commission shall approve, disapprove, or approve with conditions the design plan, and notify the subdivider in writing of such action, or may postpone action to allow

the subdivider time to provide material or additional information needed by the planning commission, to then determine appropriate action.

13.21.090 HB 1001 Exemption

One new subdivision parcel, at least one acre in size and located at least 1,000 feet away from another parcel created under this exemption, may be created from a parent parcel of at least 100 acres in size in accordance with Utah Code 17-276a605 (4) effective October 1, 2009, including any subsequent amendments. For subdivision parcels created under the HB 1001 exemption, the requirements of this chapter do not apply. However, prior to the issuance of a building permit for such a parcel, the following shall be provided to the County:

1. A site plan showing the location of the proposed building in relation to parcel boundaries prepared by a surveyor licensed in Utah, or certification that the County Building Inspection Office has conducted a GPS reading on the location to ensure that the building meets safety setback standards of the Sanpete County Ordinances.
2. Evidence of legal access to the property.
3. Evidence of a wastewater permit.
4. Proof of an approved water right or a culinary water connection.
5. Submittal requirements of the Sanpete County Building Department.

Chapter 13.24

FINAL PLAT

Sections:

- 13.24.010 Submission requirements.**
- 13.24.020 Plat requirements.**
- 13.24.030 Drawing requirements.**
- 13.24.040 Phase development.**
- 13.24.050 Monuments.**
- 13.24.060 Survey certification.**
- 13.24.070 Supporting documents.**
- 13.24.080 Revised summary statement of proposal.**
- 13.24.090 Planning commission review.**
- 13.24.100 Board of county commissioners' review--An improvements agreement and compliance with this title required for approval.**
- 13.24.110 Recording final plat.**
- 13.24.115 Vacating or changing a subdivision plat.**
- 13.24.125 Notice of hearing for plat change.**
- 13.24.135 Grounds for vacating or changing a plat.**
- 13.24.140 File of recorded subdivisions.**

- 13.24.010 Submission requirements.**

- A. Copies of all material required by this chapter shall be submitted to the planning commission, or to its authorized representative, by the subdivider or its authorized

representative at least fourteen (14) days before the next regularly scheduled planning commission meeting.

- B. Materials required for final plat approval shall be submitted within twelve (12) months of the date a preliminary plat has been approved by the planning commission. No final plat submission can be accepted which has exceeded this time lapse period, unless otherwise provided by this title.

13.24.020 Plat requirements.

- A. The final plat submission shall conform in all major respects to the preliminary plat as previously reviewed and approved by the planning commission, and shall incorporate all modifications required in its review. The board of county commissioners may, however, approve final plat which has been modified to reflect improvements in design or changes which have occurred in its natural surroundings and environment since the time of the preliminary plat review and approval.
- B. A final plat shall be a phase of an approved preliminary plan, except as provided in **Section 13.24.040.**
- C. One copy of application form for review of a final plat and all required supporting documents shall be submitted.
- D. The original final plat drawing and three printed copies of the final plat shall be submitted.
- E. A receipt shall be issued to the subdivider or his authorized representative for the final plat submission when it has been determined that the submission includes all the requirements set forth in these regulations.

13.24.030 Drawing requirements.

The final plat drawing shall have the following standards:

- A. The plat shall be prepared and certification made as to its accuracy by a registered land surveyor licensed to do such work in the state of Utah. A workman-like execution of the plat shall be made in every detail. A poorly drawn or illegible plat is sufficient cause for its rejection.
- B. The plat shall be delineated in permanent ink, Mylar, or electronic form on a three and a half-inch (3.5") floppy, zip disk, CD-ROM or equivalent approved by the planning commission.
- C. The bearings, distances and curve data of all perimeter boundary lines shall be indicated outside the boundary line, not inside with the lot dimensions. When the plat is bounded by an irregular shore line or a body of water, the bearings and distances of a closing meander traverse should be given and a notation made that the plat includes all land to the water's edge, or otherwise.
- D. If a plat is revised, a copy of the old plat shall be provided for comparison purposes. All surveys shall be tied into the state coordinate system.
- E. All blocks and all lots within each block shall be consecutively numbered and addresses for all streets and lots.
- F. On curved boundaries and all curves in the plat, sufficient data shall be given to enable the re-establishment of the curves on the ground. This curve data shall include the following for circular curves:
 - 1. Radius of curve;

2. Central angle;
 3. Tangent;
 4. Arc length;
- G. Excepted parcels shall be marked “Not included in this subdivision” and the boundary completely indicated by bearings and distances.
- H. All streets, walkways and alleys shall be designated as such and streets shall be named; bearings and dimensions must be given.
- I. All easements shall be designated as such and bearings and dimensions given.
- J. All lands within the boundaries of the plat shall be accounted for either as lots, walkways, streets, alleys, or as excepted parcels.
- K. All dimensions of irregularly shaped lots shall be indicated in each lot.
- L. All bearings and lengths shall be given for all lot lines, except that bearings and lengths need not be given for interior lot lines where the bearings and lengths are the same as those of both end lot lines.
- M. Parcels not contiguous shall not be included in one plat, nor shall more than one plat be made on the same sheet. Contiguous parcels owned by different parties may be embraced in one plat, provided all owners join in dedication and acknowledgment.
- N. Lengths shall be shown to hundredths of a foot, and angles and bearings shall be shown to seconds of an arc.
- O. The information on the plat shall include:
1. Name of subdivision, astronomic north arrow and basis thereof, and date;
 2. Name and address of owner or owners of record (names must be printed on Plat);
 3. Total acreage of subdivision; total number of lots;
 4. Township, range, section (and quarter section, if portion);
 5. Graphic scale;
 6. Any additional information required by local ordinance, or by state law.
- P. Signatures required on the Plat:
1. County Commission Approval and Acceptance;
 2. County Planning Commission Approval and Acceptance;
 3. County Attorney’s Approval;
 4. Owner(s) of record;
 5. Notary Public;
 6. Engineer’s Certificate;
 7. Surveyor’s Certificate;
 8. Other signatures required to fulfill the purposes of this title and Utah Code.

13.24.040 Phase development.

- A. The final platting of subdivisions containing more than twenty-five (25) lots shall be done in phases, except as provided in subsection C of this section. Each phase shall consist of the number of lots which can be completely developed with both off-site and on-site improvements within a two-year period, or twenty-five (25) lots, whichever is larger. Off-site improvements are construed to be those improvements required by this title. On-site improvements shall be construed to mean the construction or placement of the dwelling and its appurtenant improvements on each lot. The development of the subdivision shall be in an orderly manner and in such a way that the phases will be contiguous, the required improvements will be continuous, and all of the off-site improvements will be made available for the full, effective and practical use and

enjoyment thereof by the lessees or the grantees of any of the land subdivided within the time hereinafter specified.

- B. When the off-site improvements have been one hundred (100) percent completed within the boundaries of the recorded plat and approved by the zoning administrator, and lots are seventy (70) percent sold, the subdivider may submit the next phase of the proposed development in accordance with the rules and regulations of this title.
- C. A final plat including more than twenty-five (25) lots will be accepted only upon the submission of qualified evidence indicating that the market absorption rate is such, and the financial ability of the subdivider is such that the on-site and off-site improvements for all lots in such final plat will be completed within two years of such approval.
- D. If more than one phase of development is proposed, each of the phases, or plats (such as Plat A, B, C, or Plat 1, 2, 3) shall require the submission of a separate plat. **Each phase or plat shall be integrated with the master plan, or plat, submitted for the entire area.** Each phase or plat shall follow the plat approval process. Each phase shall be of such size, composition and arrangement that its construction, marketing and implementation is feasible as a unit independent of any prior or any subsequent phase. Each phase shall comply with the requirements of this Ordinance.

13.24.050 Monuments.

- A. Permanent reference monuments, as approved by the county recorder and/or zoning administrator, shall be set on the external boundary of the subdivision, and at all street center line intersections, and all beginning and end points of curves, to provide line of sight control for re-establishing the survey.
- B. Block and lot monuments shall be set.
- C. At least one second order benchmark shall be set (where practical to tie in) within every subdivision or subsequent filing prior to submission of the final plat for approval.

13.24.060 Survey certification.

The surveyor making a plat shall certify on the plat that it conforms to these survey regulations and to all applicable state laws and that the monuments described in it have been placed as described. They shall affix their name and seal.

13.24.070 Supporting documents.

The following documents shall be submitted with the final plat drawing, and be considered a part of the submission:

Drawings showing layout, profile, and detail design of:

- A. All utilities and easements, plus statements from utility companies (water, sewer, irrigation lines, electric, gas, telephone, etc.) as applicable, that service will be provided to every lot of the development;
- B. Plan, profile and typical cross-section drawings of roads, bridges, culverts, sewers and other drainage structures;
- C. Grading and drainage plan. The proposed grading plan shall be indicated by solid-line contours superimposed on dashed-line contours of existing topography for the area of the final plat. Such contours shall be at two-foot intervals for predominant ground slopes within the tract between level and five percent grade, and five-foot contours for

predominant ground slopes within the tract over five percent grade. In case of predominantly level topography throughout a subdivision, one-foot contour intervals may be required;

- D. Erosion control plan where required, to be submitted as result of preliminary design plan review;
- E. An exact copy of a certificate of a title insurance company or attorney's opinion, which shall set forth the names of all property owners included in the plat and shall include a list of all mortgages, judgments, lien, easements, contracts and agreements of record in the county which shall affect the property covered by such plats. If the opinion of title discloses such encumbrances, then at the option of the board of county commissioners, the holders or owners of such mortgages, judgments, liens, easements, contracts, or agreements shall be required to join in and approve the application before the plat shall be acted upon by the planning commission;
- F. Where a portion of an existing easement is contiguous to a proposed easement or right-of-way of a new subdivision, proof of the dedication of the existing easement or right-of-way acceptable to the planning commission must be submitted;
- G. Where the subdivider is to dedicate land for schools, roads, parks, or other public purposes, a letter of intent is required from the public agency receiving the dedication and stating how applicable improvement standards will be met. When land within a subdivision is to be purchased by a public agency for public use, a letter of intention to purchase shall be required;
- H. When a new street will intersect with a state highway or will cross a railroad, a copy of the state highway permit or railroad crossing permit shall be permitted;
- I. Where improvements are not to be completed prior to approval of the final plat, cost estimates shall be submitted for construction of streets and related facilities, water distribution system, sewage collection system, flood plain protection, storm drainage facilities, and such other facilities as may be required. In addition, the subdivider shall submit a proposal to satisfy the requirements of **Chapter 13.32**.
- J. Copies of protective covenants, deed restrictions, trust agreements, and homeowners' association articles and bylaws, including those required by the board of county commissioners, to govern the future use of each of water or sewer system, resubdivision, open space, and other potential changes which might significantly alter the subdivision as approved by the board of county commissioners with regard to the criteria and standards of these regulations;
- K. Monument record;
- L. All information required by FHA when subdivision will be submitted to that agency for feasibility and approval under a federal program.
- M. A change application for culinary water usage, issued by the State Division of Water Rights, that verifies adequate water volumes and quality for domestic uses, for each proposed lot, when not part of a central water system (Central Water Systems must be approved by the State Division of Water Resources).
- N. A letter from the Central Utah District Health Department approving the system to be used for a sanitary sewer system.
- O. A letter from the County Zoning Administrator and/or from the County Road Department Supervisor, verifying approval of all roads, in compliance with the Road Standards contained within this code.

13.24.080 Revised summary statement of proposal.

A revised proposal summary statement shall be submitted to reflect any changes made from the summary statement of the approved preliminary design plan.

13.24.090 Planning commission review.

- A. When a final plat has been received, it shall be acted upon at a planning commission meeting scheduled for subdivision review, within forty-five (45) days of receipt of final plat application by the planning commission, unless further time is necessary as determined by the board of county commissioners.
- B. The planning commission shall review the final plat at a regularly scheduled public meeting. If the final plat and all supplementary data complies with the applicable requirements of these regulations and the requirements of the approved preliminary design plan, the planning commission shall certify approval of the plat on the space provided.
- C. Within ten (10) days after review of the final plat at the public meeting, the planning commission shall send written notification and official action taken to the board of county commissioners. This notification shall specify the modifications of the final plat, if any, which were made and incident to approval of such plat by the planning commission.
- D. The only basis for rejection of a plat shall be its nonconformance to adopted rules, regulations and ordinances currently in force and affecting the land and its development, its lack of conformance with the approved preliminary design plan or technical inaccuracies.

13.24.100 Board of county commissioners' review--An improvements agreement and compliance with this title required for approval.

- A. The board of county commissioners shall review the final plat within forty-five (45) days of receipt of transmittal from the planning commission, at a regularly scheduled public meeting. If the board of county commissioners determines that the final plat submission complies with the applicable requirements of this title, they shall certify approval of the plat on the space provided; provided, however, that the board of county commissioners shall approve no final plat unless accompanied by an improvements agreement. The subdivider shall provide an adequate number of the approved plats or prints marked for modification, together with the official notification of the action, to be distributed as follows:
 - a. One copy to planning commission files;
 - b. One copy to the board of county commissioners;
 - c. One copy to subdivider;
 - d. One copy to engineer and surveyor of subdivider;
 - e. One copy to each utility company serving the subdivision;
 - f. One copy to the local health officer
 - g. One copy to the county recorder.

13.24.110 Recording final plat.

The board of county commissioners shall record the final plat with the county clerk and recorder within ten (10) calendar days of approval of the final plat by the board of county commissioners; the subdivider shall pay the expense of such recording.

13.24.115 Vacating or changing a subdivision plat.

- A. (1) Subject to Subsection (B), the Board of County Commissioners or any other officer that the County Legislative Body designates by ordinances may, with or without a petition, consider any proposed vacation, alteration, or amendment of a subdivision plat, any portion of a subdivision plat, or any street, lot or alley contained in a subdivision plat at a public hearing.
- (2) If a petition is filed, the Board of County Commissioners or responsible officer shall hold the public hearing within 45 days after receipt of the Planning Commission's recommendation under Subsection(B) if:
- (a) the plat change includes the vacation of a public street or alley;
 - (b) any owner within the plat notifies the County of their objection in writing within ten days of mailed notification; or
 - (c) a public hearing is required because all of the owners in the subdivision have not signed the revised plat.
- B. (1) Before the County Legislative Body or officer designated by the County Legislative Body may consider a proposed vacation, alteration, or amendment under Subsection A(1) or (F), the County Legislative Body or officer shall refer the proposal to the Planning commission for its recommendation.
- (2) The Planning Commission shall give its recommendation within 30 days after the proposed vacation, alteration, or amendment is referred to it.
- C. Any fee owner, as shown on the last county assessment rolls, of land within the subdivision that has been laid out and platted as provided in this part may, in writing, petition the County to have the plat, any portion of it, or any street or lot contained in it, vacated, altered, or amended as provided in this section.
- D. Each petition to vacate, alter, or amend an entire plat, or portion of a plat, or street or lot contained in a plat shall include:
- (1) the name and address of all owners of record of the land contained in the entire plat;
 - (2) the name and address of all owners of record of land adjacent to any street that is proposed to be vacated, altered, or amended; and
 - (3) the signature of each of these owners who consent to the petition.
- E. (1) A petition that lacks the consent of all owners referred to in Subsection (D) may not be scheduled for consideration at a public hearing before the responsible officer until the notice required by this part is given.
- (2) The petitioner shall pay the cost of the notice.

- F. Subject to Subsection (B), if the responsible body or officer proposes to vacate, alter, or amend a subdivision plat, or any street or lot contained in the subdivision plat, they shall consider the issue at a public hearing after giving the notice required by this part.
- G. Petitions to adjust lot lines between adjacent properties may be executed upon the recordation of an appropriate deed if:
 - (1) no new dwelling lot or housing unit results from the lot line adjustment;
 - (2) the adjoining property owners consent to the lot line adjustment;
 - (3) the lot line adjustment does not result in remnant land that did not previously exist; and
 - (4) the adjustment does not result in violation of applicable zoning requirements.
- H. (1) The name of a recorded subdivision may be changed by recording an amended plat making that change, as provided in this section.
 - (2) Except as provided in Subsection (H)(1), the recording of a declaration or other document that purports to change the name of a recorded plat is void.

13.24.125 Notice of hearing for plat change.

- A. (1) The County Legislative Body or responsible officer shall give notice of the proposed plat change by mailing the notice to each owner of property located within 300 feet of the property that is the subject of the proposed plat change, addressed to the owner's mailing address appearing on the rolls of the County Assessor of the County in which the land is located.
 - (2) The responsible officer shall ensure that the notice includes:
 - (a) a statement that anyone objecting to the proposed plat change must file a written objection to the change within ten days of the date of the notice;
 - (b) a statement that if no written objections are received by the county executive within the time limit, no public hearing will be held; and
 - (c) the date, place and time when a hearing will be held, if one is required, to consider a vacation, alteration, or amendment without a petition when written objections are received or to consider any petition that does not include the consent of all land owners as required by Section 13.24.120.
- B. If the proposed change involves the vacation, alteration, or amendment of a street, the responsible officer shall be given notice of the date, place, and time of the hearing by:
 - (1) mailing notice as required in Subsection(1); and
 - (2)(a) publishing the notice once a week for four consecutive weeks before the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the land subject to the petition is located; or
 - (b) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the county, posting the notice for four consecutive weeks before the hearing in three public places in that County.

13.24.135 Grounds for vacating or changing a plat.

- A. (1) Within 30 days after the public hearing required by this part, the County Legislative Body or responsible officer shall consider the petition.
 - (2) If the County Legislative Body or responsible officer is satisfied that the public will not be materially injured by the proposed vacation, alteration, or amendment, and that there is

good cause for the vacation, alteration or amendment, the County Legislative Body or responsible officer may vacate, alter, or amend the plat, any portion of the plat, or any street or lot.

(3) The County Legislative Body or responsible officer may approve the vacation, alteration, or amendment by amended plat, administrative order, or deed containing a stamp or make indicating approval by the County Legislative Body or responsible officer.

(4) The County Legislative Body or responsible officer shall ensure that the vacation, alteration, or amendment is recorded in the office of the County Recorder in which the land is located. The petitioner shall pay all recording costs or fees.

(5) An aggrieved party may appeal the decision to the Board of Adjustment if the decision was made by the County officer designated by the County Legislative Body to consider the proposed vacation, alteration or amendment.

13.24.140 File of recorded subdivisions.

The county shall maintain a filing system of all subdivisions, which includes copies of all maps, data and official subdivision actions; also, a master location map (or maps) referenced to the filing system, for public use and examination.

Chapter 13.28

DESIGN STANDARDS

Sections:

- 13.28.010 Design standards.**
- 13.28.020 General standards.**
- 13.28.030 Lots.**
- 13.28.040 Street requirements.**
- 13.28.050 Street names.**
- 13.28.060 Curvature and alignment.**
- 13.28.070 Frontage on major highways.**
- 13.28.080 Roadbed construction standards for roadways in minor subdivisions.**
- 13.28.085 Roadbed construction standards for paved roadways in major subdivisions.**
- 13.28.090 Street grades.**
- 13.28.100 Sidewalks, curbs and gutters.**
- 13.28.110 Block standards.**
- 13.28.120 Pedestrian crosswalks.**
- 13.28.130 Lot size standards.**
- 13.28.140 Easement standards.**
- 13.28.150 Utilities to be underground.**
- 13.28.160 Alleys.**
- 13.28.170 Sanitary sewage disposal--General requirements.**
- 13.28.180 Sanitary sewer mains, laterals and house connections---Future.**
- 13.28.190 Test procedures.**
- 13.28.200 Water in sufficient quantity to be obligation of subdivider.**
- 13.28.205 Change Application Required.**
- 13.28.210 Culinary water system.**

- 13.28.220 Culinary water storage facility.**
- 13.28.230 Storm drainage and floodplains.**
- 13.28.240 Irrigation systems.**
- 13.28.250 Fire protection.**

13.28.010 Design standards.

All subdivisions shall comply with the following standards of this title.

13.28.020 General standards.

- A. The design and development of subdivisions shall preserve insofar as possible the natural terrain, natural drainage, existing topsoil and trees.
- B. Land subject to hazardous conditions such as slides, mudflows, rock falls, snow avalanches, possible mine subsidence, shallow water table, open quarries, floods, and polluted or non-potable water supply shall be identified and shall not be subdivided until the hazards have been eliminated or will be eliminated by the subdivision and construction plans.

13.28.030 Lots.

- A. No single lot shall be divided by a municipal or county boundary line.
- B. A lot shall not be divided by a road, alley, or other lot.
- C. Wedge-Shaped Lots. No wedge-shaped lot shall be less than thirty (30) feet in width at the front property line, or the lot frontage required by the zoning ordinance, whichever is larger.
- D. Lot lines. Side lot lines shall be at right angles or radial to street lines, except where justified by the subdivider and approved by the planning commission.
- E. Street Frontage. All residential lots in subdivisions shall front on a public street, or on a private street approved by the planning commission and the board of county commissioners. Required frontage shall not be considered to be provided if vehicular access across the street line is prohibited. With the exception of corner lots, lots with frontage on more than one street shall not be allowed.

13.28.040 Street requirements.

- A. Private Roads/Streets. Private roads or streets shall be continually maintained and shall be part of the subdivision's covenants.
- B. Road Plan. The road layout shall conform to the county general plan and to road layout and circulation element of the closest municipal general plan.
- C. Through Traffic. Minor roads shall be laid out to discourage through traffic.
- D. Stub Streets. Stub streets shall be provided where needed to connect to adjacent subdivisions. Not more than six lots shall front on a stub street, except where a temporary cul-de-sac turnaround is provided.
- E. Intersections. Intersections of minor streets with major streets shall be kept to the minimum.

- F. Right-of-Way Width. Minimum right-of-way widths for public roads shall be determined by resolution of the board of county commissioners, but shall in no case be less than the following:
 1. Major street: sixty-six (66) feet;
 2. Collector street: forty (40) feet;
 3. Minor street: forty (40) feet.
- G. Roadway Width. Local streets shall have roadway widths as adopted by resolutions of the board of county commissioners, but shall in no case be less than the following:
 1. Major street: twenty-four (24) feet;
 2. Collector street: twenty (20) feet;
 3. Minor street or frontage road: twenty (20) feet.
- H. Road Shoulders. Where no curbs are required to be installed, a minimum of six-foot shoulders shall be provided on each side of the road.
- I. Half-Roads. None are permitted, except if required to complete a half-road already existing.
- J. Dead-End Roads. Dead-end roads, including stub roads, shall be permitted or required by the planning commission only to provide future access to adjoining property, except for dead-end road systems in cluster subdivisions, in planned unit developments, condominium developments, or similar special projects.
- K. Cul-de-Sac Streets. Permanent cul-de-sac streets serving no more than six hundred fifty (650) feet long, whichever is more restrictive, may be permitted and shall be provided with a right-of-way at the turnaround of fifty (50) feet radius or more, and the face of curb or pavement edge radius shall be forty (40) feet or more. Cul-de-sac roads intended to be only temporary must also satisfy the above requirements. (Surface water shall drain away from the turn-around; except where surface water cannot be drained along the roadway away from the turn-around due to the grade, catch basins, drain lines, and drainage easements shall be provided in the subdivision design.)
- L. Number of Roads at Intersection. No more than four roads shall enter an intersection.
- M. Angle of Road Intersections. Roads shall intersect at ninety (90) degrees, except where otherwise approved as necessary by the planning commission. (Off-sets in roadway alignment between ten (10) feet and one hundred twenty (120) feet shall be prohibited.
- N. Centerlines of Intersecting Roads. The centerlines of two subordinate roads meeting a through road from opposite sides shall extend as a continuous line, or the centerlines shall be offset at least one hundred fifty (150) feet.
- O. Approved roads shall be completed to each approved phase of a subdivision or PUD before Final approval to that phase or subdivision can be granted.

13.28.050 Street names.

Streets shall have the names of existing streets which are in alignment. There shall be no duplication of street names within the areas. All street names and lot addresses must be coordinated with the Emergency 911 Addressing Supervisor and approved before signing of Final Plat. Opportunity shall be given to the county recorder for review and recommendations prior to the approval of street names by the planning commission.

13.28.060 Curvature and alignment.

- A. Horizontal Curves. To ensure adequate sight distances, street roadway line connections shall be made by horizontal curves. The minimum centerlines radii for minor streets shall be one hundred fifty (150) feet and of all other streets shall be three hundred (300) feet. On collector and major streets a minimum tangent of one hundred (100) feet shall be required between a curve and street intersection; a minimum tangent of one hundred (100) feet shall be required between reverse curves.
- B. Vertical Curves. Vertical curve shall be used at all changes of grades exceeding one percent and shall be designed to provide minimum sight distances of two hundred (200) feet for minor streets and three hundred (300) feet for all other streets, except that vertical curves for major streets shall be as determined by the current specifications of Utah State Department of Transportation.

13.28.070 Frontage on major highways.

Where residential subdivision abuts a major highway, frontage roads may be required.

13.28.080 Roadbed construction standards for roadways in minor subdivisions.

Roadbed Grading and Paving Width. Minimum roadbed grading and paving for minor, collector and major streets shall be established by the board of county commissioners. Reduction of such roadway grading and paving may be approved by the planning commission and board of county commissioners for one-way street, mountain subdivisions, or other justifiable design or topographical reasons. Six-foot shoulders shall be provided where curbs are not installed. There shall be a minimum depth of 6" road base gravel on unpaved roads. All paved roads shall be designed by a qualified engineer and accepted and approved by the same qualified engineer. Culverts shall be installed where required for drainage; engineering may be required.

13.28.085 Roadbed construction standards for paved roadways in major subdivisions.

In addition to all the above requirements listed in **Sec. 13.28.080**; all non-minor subdivisions (major subdivisions) shall be required to have paved (asphalt, concrete) roads.

13.28.090 Street grades.

All street grades shall be designed as follows:

- A. Major and Collector Streets. Limited to a maximum grade of ten percent. Sustained grade shall be limited to seven percent.
- B. Minor Streets. Limited to a maximum grade of twelve (12) percent. Sustained grades shall be limited to nine percent.
- C. Cul-de-sacs with a negative grade progressing toward the turnaround shall be limited to a maximum grade of six percent. The cul-de-sac shall terminate with a grade of not to exceed three percent for the last one hundred (100) feet of traveled surface. The cul-de-sac shall be limited to a maximum length of six hundred fifty (650) feet and have adequate easement for drainage.

- D. Street intersections shall have a vertical alignment such that the grade shall not exceed three percent for a minimum distance of fifty (50) feet each way from the centerline of the intersection.
- E. Maximum Grades. Approved only when accompanied by changes to a lesser grade, and where length of that portion of that road at maximum grade is less than six hundred (600) feet.
- F. All Changes in Vertical Alignment. Made by vertical curves with minimum length of two hundred (200) feet for minor streets and three hundred (300) feet for major streets. **(See Section 13.28.060(B))**
- G. Streets in mountainous terrain shall be designed at less than maximum allowable slope in order that they can be safely negotiated and that snow can be removed during winter.

13.28.100 Sidewalks, curbs and gutters.

Sidewalk, curbs and gutters shall be provided on both sides of all streets to be dedicated to the public in the RA zone and in other zones as other wise requested by the planning commission and board of county commissioners. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters may be required by the board of county commissioners on existing streets bordering the subdivision.

13.28.110 Block standards.

Block lengths shall be reasonable as approved by the planning commission, and in total design shall provide for convenient access and circulation for emergency vehicles. It is recommended that block length and widths not exceed five-hundred (500) feet.

13.28.120 Pedestrian crosswalks.

Where blocks exceed one thousand (1,000) feet in length, pedestrian rights-of-way of not less than ten feet in width may be required by the planning commission through blocks where needed for adequate pedestrian circulation. Walk improvements (paving) of not less than five feet in width shall be placed within the rights-of-way, when required by the planning commission.

13.28.130 Lot size standards.

Density standards or minimum lot size requirements are specified by the zoning ordinance. All lots shall conform to area requirements of existing zoning ordinance. **(See Title 14)**

13.28.140 Easement standards.

- A. Easements shall follow rear and side lot lines and shall have a minimum total width of fifteen (15) feet, apportioned equally in abutting properties.
- B. Where front-line easements are required, a minimum of ten (10) feet shall be allocated as a utility easement. Perimeter easements shall be not less than fifteen (15) feet in width, extending throughout the peripheral area of the development, if required by the planning commission.
- C. All easements shall be designed so as to provide efficient installation of utilities or street planning. Special guying easements at corners may be required. Public utility

installations shall be so located as to permit multiple installations within the easements. The developer shall establish final utility grades prior to utility installations.

13.28.150 Utilities to be underground.

Unless the planning commission and the board of county commissioners determine, upon application by the subdivider, supported by the recommendation of the county engineer or county zoning administrator, that it is not feasible to do so, all power lines, telephone lines, and other normally overhead utility lines shall be placed underground by the subdivider. All utilities must be developed in provided easements and shall extend to the property line of every lot within the subdivision. All development for human habitation requires a commercial or alternative source of power. An alternative source of power may be considered through approval of a conditional use permit.

13.28.160 Alleys.

The planning commission may approve service access to the interior of blocks where deemed to be in the public interest, in which case such alleys must have a plan for maintenance and be indicated in the preliminary design plans and on the final plat.

13.28.170 Sanitary sewage disposal--General requirements.

A. Sanitary Sewerage System Required.

Except as otherwise provided below, the subdivider shall provide, or have provided, a piped sanitary sewerage system to the property line of every lot in the subdivision. The sewerage system shall meet the minimum standards and requirements of the state, Central Utah Public Health Department, and this title.

B. On-Lot Sewage Disposal System. Septic tanks and/or sealed vaults will be approved only when an existing sanitary sewer system is more than 300 feet from the boundary of the subdivision and shall be disapproved in any case unless approved in writing by the state and Central Utah Public Health Department of Health. In order to determine the adequacy of the soil involved to properly absorb sewage effluent and to determine the minimum lot area required for such installations, an interpretive map based on the National Cooperative Soil Survey showing the suitability of the soil for septic tank fields or pits shall be submitted, along with the results of percolation tests. The results of these data will be reviewed by the state and Central Utah Public Health Department, in addition to any other information available to them, for recommendation to the planning commission.

The following requirements shall be met:

1. Land made, altered or filled with non-earth materials within the last ten years shall not be divided into building sites which are to be served by soil absorption waste disposal systems.
2. Each subdivided lot to be served by an on-site absorption sewage disposal system shall contain an adequate site for such system. An adequate site required a minimum depth of eight feet from the surface of the ground to impermeable bedrock, and a minimum depth of six feet from the surface (based on annual high water level). Each site must also be at least one thousand five hundred (1,500) feet from any shallow water supply well and one hundred (100) feet from any

- other well; at least one hundred (100) feet from any stream or water-course, and at least ten feet from any dwelling or property line.
3. Soils having a percolation rate slower than or faster than standards allowed by the state and Central Utah Public Health Department shall not be divided into building sites to be served by soil absorption sewage disposal systems.
 4. Land rated as having severe limitations for septic tank absorption fields as defined by the county soil survey, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, shall not be divided into building sites to be serviced by soil absorption sewage disposal systems unless each such building site contains not less than twenty thousand (20,000) square feet of other soils rated suitable for building construction and installation of an on-site soils absorption sewage disposal system.
 5. An applicant desiring to install soil absorption sewage disposal facilities on the soils having severe limitations, as determined in the preliminary plan review, shall:
 - Have additional on-site investigations made, including percolation tests; obtain the certification of a soils scientist that specific areas lying within these soils are suitable for the proposed soils absorption sewage disposal system; and meet state and Central Utah Public Health Department standards and regulations. In addition, the local health officer shall find that the proposed corrective measures have overcome the severe soil limitations.
 6. Other applicable standards adopted by the board of county commissioners and state Health Department.
 7. Shall follow all area requirements of existing zoning ordinances.

13.28.180 Sanitary sewer mains, laterals and house connections--Future.

Where local, county and regional plans indicate that construction or extension of sanitary sewers may serve the subdivision area within a reasonable time, the planning commission may require the installation and capping of sanitary sewer mains and house connections by the subdivider, in addition to the installation of temporary individual on-lot sanitary disposal systems by the subdivider or lot purchaser. Whenever individual on-lot sanitary sewage disposal systems are proposed, the subdivider shall either install such facilities or require by deed restrictions or otherwise as a condition of the sale of each lot or parcel within such subdivision that on-lot sanitary sewage disposal facilities be installed by the purchaser of said lot at the time the principal building is constructed, and no building permit shall be issued until such installation is assured. In all other cases, sanitary disposal facilities for sewage shall be provided for every lot or parcel by a complete community or public sanitary system.

13.28.190 Test procedures.

Tests of sanitary sewer mains, laterals and house connections shall be conducted in accordance with U.S. Public Health Service Publication Number 526, 1963 Edition, and with other local and state health requirements.

13.28.200 Water in sufficient quantity to be obligation of subdivider.

- A. The procurement of water, whether by purchase of water rights, water shares, exchange or service agreement shall be the responsibility of the subdivider and water shall be provided for the exclusive use of the subdivision in an amount sufficient to meet the following flow standards:
 - 1. 1 acre foot of water on a full time residential dwelling.
 - 2. .25 acre foot on a part time dwelling - 181 days or less.
- C. The above standards are in addition to the requirements of the state Board of Health.
- D. A building permit shall not be issued and no dwelling unit may be erected in Sanpete County until the applicant / owner (s) have obtained and presented to the Sanpete County Zoning Administrator, a letter of authorization from the Utah Division of Water Rights. This requirement shall include providing to the Sanpete County Zoning Administrator legal documentation of water right, ownership, and intended use. **Sanpete County's policy requires culinary water to be present on the site prior to the issuance of a building permit.** No subdivision shall be approved until Water Rights Change Applications are filed with the State Engineer and are approved for the said development. All water applications / change applications, shall comply with all state regulations for year around (full-time) usage for both inside & outside use.

13.28.205 Change Application Required.

A change application for culinary water usage, issued by the State Division of Water Rights, that verifies adequate water volumes and quality for domestic uses, for each proposed lot, when not part of a central water system.

13.28.210 Culinary water system.

If there are 25 people or 15 connections involved, for a period of 60 days in a calendar year, there will be a central water system in accordance with state requirements. The culinary water system in any subdivision shall extend to the property line of every lot and shall be capable of delivering the flows required by **Section 13.28.200.**

13.28.220 Culinary water storage facility.

The culinary water storage facility shall have a storage capacity of not less than the greater of the following criteria:

- A. Eight hundred (800) gallons\dwelling unit in any subdivision where outside watering is not prohibited by protective covenant;
- B. Four hundred (400) gallons\dwelling unit in any subdivision where outside watering is prohibited by protective covenant; or
- C. Ten thousand (10,000) gallons.

13.28.230 Storm drainage and floodplains.

- A. Drainage System.
Complete drainage system for the entire subdivision area shall be designed by a professional engineer, licensed in the state of Utah and qualified to perform such work,

and shall be shown graphically. All existing drainage features which are to be incorporated in the design shall be so identified. If the final plat is to be presented in sections, a general drainage plan for the entire shall be presented with the first section, and appropriate developments stages for the drainage system for each section indicated.

B. Design.

The drainage and floodplain systems shall be designed to:

1. Permit the unimpeded flow of natural watercourses;
2. Ensure adequate drainage of all low points;
3. Ensure applications of the following regulations regarding development in designated floodplains:
 - a. Construction of buildings shall not be permitted in a designated floodway with a return frequency more often than a one hundred (100) year storm.
 - b. Building construction may occur in that portion of the designed floodway where the return frequency is between a one hundred (100) year and a maximum probable storm provided all usable floor space is constructed above the designated maximum probable flood level.
 - c. Where floodway velocities are generally determined to be under five feet per second and maximum flood depth will not exceed three feet, such uses as cultivated agriculture, nurseries, parks and recreation facilities and accessory parking may be permitted.
 - d. Any use of land is prohibited where flooding would create a public health hazard or problem. This includes shallow wells, uncased deep wells, sanitary land fills, septic tank and on-lot sewage disposal systems, not complete protected from inundation.
 - e. Recreational coach and similar uses shall not be permitted in any designated floodway.
 - f. Any contemplated floodplain encroachment or channeling shall be thoroughly analyzed and its effect on steam flow determined before such encroachment is undertaken and must be approved by the planning commission, before accomplishment.
 - g. No building lot one acre or less in area shall include floodlands. All building lots more than one acre shall contain not less than forty thousand (40,000) square feet of land which is at an elevation at least two feet above the elevation of the one hundred (100) year recurrence interval flood, or, where such data is not available, five feet above the elevation of the maximum flood of record.

C. Drainage System Plans.

1. The drainage system shall be designed to consider the drainage basin as a whole and shall accommodate not only runoff for the subdivision area but also, where applicable, the system shall be designed to accommodate the runoff from those areas adjacent to and “upstream” from the subdivision itself, as well as its effects on land downstream.
2. All proposed surface-drainage structures shall be indicated on the plans.
3. All appropriate designs, details and dimensions needed to clearly explain proposed construction materials and elevations shall be included in the drainage plans.

13.28.240 Irrigation systems.

- A. Where an existing irrigation system consisting of open ditches is located on or adjacent to or within one hundred (100) feet of a proposed subdivision, complete plans for relocation or covering, or other safety precautions shall be submitted with an application for preliminary approval of a plat.
- B. In all subdivisions in which the smallest lot is less than one acre, all irrigation systems shall be underground.
- C. All pressure irrigation systems in or within one hundred (100) feet of a proposed subdivision shall be identified and otherwise color coded as to pipe and valve color to meet state standards and regulations.

13.28.250 Fire protection.

- A. Fire hydrants shall be installed at intervals in such a manner that no lot, dwelling unit, or building will be more than five hundred (500) feet distant from the closest hydrant, measured along the street.
- B. The planning commission may authorize alternative fire protection in place of fire hydrants when hydrants are not feasible and applicant demonstrates that the proposed method is sufficient. Engineering certification may be required.
- C. The planning commission may require additional fire protection or policies when because of the location, type of natural features or other factors contributing to fire danger, other precautions are deemed necessary.
- D. A letter of waiver must be signed concerning delays in Fire and Police response when located within the County. The County Fire Warden and/or Building Official must review plans and recommend fire prevention measures.

Chapter 13.32

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Sections:

- 13.32.010 Guarantee.**
- 13.32.020 Cash bonds, or Letter of Credit.**
- 13.32.030 Deposit in escrow.**
- 13.32.035 Progress Payments.**
- 13.32.040 Default.**
- 13.32.050 Phased development.**
- 13.32.060 Guarantee for two years.**
- 13.32.070 Acceptance and release of surety.**

13.32.010 Guarantee.

In lieu of actual installation of the improvements required by this title, and before final plat approval by the board of county commissioners, the subdivider shall guarantee the installation thereof by one, or a combination of one or more, of the methods specified below,

in an amount equal to the cost of the improvements as estimated by the subdivider's engineer and approved by the county engineer, and/or zoning administrator, plus 10% of the estimated cost to cover contingencies and to secure the warranty of this agreement. The guarantee employed shall be approved as to method and form by the board of county commissioners and by the county attorney. The board of county commissioners may prescribe by administrative rule, or regulation, forms and procedures to insure the orderly, regular and efficient processing of applications for the approval of a proposed subdivision and the strict compliance with requirements of this title.

13.32.020 Cash bonds, or Letter of Credit.

The subdivider shall furnish and file with the county clerk a corporate surety bond, or letter of credit in an amount equal to the cost of the required improvements, plus 10% of such costs as estimated by the subdivider's engineer and approved by the county engineer, and/or zoning administrator, to assure the actual construction of such improvements within a period of two years immediately following the approval of the final plat and subdivision by the board of county commissioners, which bond shall be approved by the board of county commissioner and the county attorney.

13.32.030 Deposit in escrow.

The subdivider shall deposit in escrow with an escrow holder approved by the board of county commissioners an amount of money equal to the cost of improvements, plus 10% of such costs required as estimated by the subdivider's engineer and approved by the county zoning administrator under an escrow agreement conditioned for the installation of said improvements within two years from the approval of the final plat and subdivision. The escrow agreement aforesaid shall be approved by the board of county commissioners and county attorney and shall be filed with the county recorder.

13.32.035 Progress Payments.

The County agrees to allow payments from the account as the work progresses as provided herein. The County shall, when requested in writing, inspect the construction, review any necessary documents and information, determine if the work completed complies with County construction standards and requirements, and review the cost estimate. After receiving the request and if approved, the County shall in writing authorize disbursement to the developer from the account in the amount of requested estimate. If the County does not agree with the request, the County and Developer shall meet and the Developer shall submit any additional estimate information required by the County. Except as provided in this paragraph or in section 13.32.070 inclusive, the Depository shall not release or disburse any funds from the account.

13.32.040 Default.

In the event the subdivider defaults or fails or neglects to satisfactorily install required improvements within two years from date of approval of the final plat, the board of county commissioners may declare the bond or escrow deposit forfeited, and may install or cause

the required improvements to be installed, using the proceeds from the collection of the bond or escrow deposit to defray the expense thereof.

13.32.050 Phased development.

Whenever the subdivider develops a subdivision in portions, such development shall be in orderly manner and in such way that the required improvements will be continuous and all said improvements will be made available for full, effective and practical use thereof by lessee or grantee of any of the subdivided lands within the time hereinbefore specified.

13.32.060 Guarantee for two years.

- A. The subdivider or contractor, upon submission of his plans, shall deposit with the county clerk a fee in the amount required by the board of county commissioners, to cover engineering review and inspection of the above improvements.
- B. The subdivider shall warrant and guarantee that the improvements provided for in this chapter, and every part thereof, will remain in good condition for a period of two years after the date of conditional acceptance by the board of county commissioners and agree to make all repairs to and maintain the improvements and every part thereof in good condition during that period at no cost to Sanpete County. It is further agreed and understood that identifying necessity for repairs and maintenance of the work rests with the county zoning administrator, whose decision upon the matter shall be final and binding upon the subdivider, and the guarantee hereby stipulated shall extend to and include but shall not be limited to the entire street, subgrade, base and surface and all pipes, joints valves, backfill and compacting as well as the working surface, curbs, gutters, sidewalks and other accessories that are, or may be affected by the construction operations. Whenever, in the judgment of the county zoning administrator, said work shall be in need of repairs, maintenance or rebuilding, he shall cause a written notice to be served the subdivider. Upon receipt of such written notice, the subdivider shall undertake and complete the repairs, maintenance or rebuilding as required by the above-stated written notice. The cost of such repairs, maintenance or rebuilding shall be paid by the subdivider. But if the subdivider fails to complete such repairs, maintenance or rebuilding as are required by written notice, within a reasonable time from the date when such notice was received (not to exceed six months), the board of county commissioners may initiate any and all legal actions necessary to compel compliance with the requirements of the written notice.

13.32.070 Acceptance and release of surety.

- A. Conditional acceptance of all the improvements shall be in writing from the board of county commissioners, after written approval has been received from the county zoning administrator.
- B. Final inspection by the county zoning administrator shall be made two years after all work has been completed and before release of the remaining amount of the improvement bond or escrow deposit. All defects shall be corrected before acceptance by the board of county commissioners.
- C. Final acceptance shall be in writing by the board of county commissioners, after written approval is received from the county zoning administrator.

Chapter 13.34

APPEALS and ENFORCEMENT

Sections:

- 13.34.010 Appeals.**
- 13.34.020 Enforcement.**
- 13.34.030 Improperly Filed Plat.**
- 13.34.040 Penalties.**
- 13.34.050 State and Federal Regulations.**

13.34.010 Appeals.

- A. No person may challenge in district court Sanpete County's land use decisions made under this Ordinance, or under the regulation made under authority of this Ordinance until that person has exhausted all administrative remedies;
- B. Any person adversely affected by any decision made in the exercise of the provisions of this Ordinance may, within 30 calendar days following the decision, file a petition for review of the decision with the Sanpete County Board of Adjustment;
- C. Any person may file a petition for review of the decision by the Board of Adjustment with the District Court. The petition shall be filed within 30 days after the decision is rendered.

13.34.020 Enforcement.

- A. If a violation of this Ordinance occurs, the Sanpete County Attorney, or the owner(s) of real estate within Sanpete County adversely affected by the violation may, in addition to other remedies provided by law, institute:
 - 1. Injunctions, mandamus, abatement, or any other appropriate action; or
 - 2. Proceedings to prevent, enjoin, abate, or remove the unlawful building, use, or act;
- B. Sanpete County need only establish the violation to obtain the injunction;
- C. Sanpete County may enforce the provisions of this Ordinance by withholding a building permit or permits;
- D. It shall be unlawful to erect, construct, reconstruct, alter the structure, or electrical, plumbing, or mechanical system, or change the use of any building within Sanpete County without first obtaining approval and a building permit;
- E. Sanpete County, through its Building Inspection Department may not issue a building permit unless the plans of and for the proposed erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, or use fully conforms to all Sanpete County land use regulations then in effect;
- F. As specified at U.C.A. 17-27-811, the Sanpete County Recorder may not accept for recording any plat of a subdivision within Sanpete County in which the owner does not follow the specified procedures, submit the required fees and financial assurances and contain the approvals required by the General Plan, the Sanpete County Zoning Ordinance and this Ordinance.

13.34.030 Improperly Filed Plat.

Any plat of a subdivision filed or recorded without the approvals required by the Sanpete County Planning Commission and County Commission is void. **Any owner or agent of the owner of any parcel of land in a subdivision that is transferred or sold without the approvals required by this Ordinance is guilty of a separate violation for each lot or parcel transferred or sold.**

13.34.040 Penalties.

The Sanpete County Commission shall, in consultation with the County Attorney, establish civil penalties for violations of the provisions of this Ordinance which, upon conviction, shall include as warranted, civil or criminal penalties, fines, or forfeiture of fees paid, and incarceration.

13.34.050 State and Federal Regulations.

Sanpete County will comply with all State and Federal Laws and Regulations in maintaining the rights and obligations of its citizens, subdividers, and/or other interested parties.

Chapter 13.36

Uniform Codes To Govern

Sections:

- 13.36.010 International Building Code.**
- 13.36.020 National Electrical Code.**
- 13.36.030 International Mechanical Code.**
- 13.36.040 International Plumbing Code.**
- 13.36.050 International Fire Code.**
- 13.36.060 Uniform Code for Abatement of Dangerous Buildings.**
- 13.36.070 Uniform Code for Building Conservation (Historic Structures).**
- 13.36.080 Utah Uniform Building Standards Act (U.U.B.S.A.).**
- 13.36.090 International Residential Code.**

13.36.010 International Building Code.

- A) The International Building Code (I.B.C.) including appendices, most recent edition as adopted under the Utah Uniform Building Standards Act, is hereby adopted within this Zoning Ordinance and said Code Standards by reference, are incorporated herein.
- B) A copy of the code, most recent edition shall be filed in the office of the Sanpete County Building Inspection Department and be available for examination and reference by interested persons.
- C) Provisions of said Code establish rules and regulations for the erection, repair, construction, enlargement, alteration, equipment, use, height, area and maintenance of buildings and structures within Sanpete County.
- D) Said Code provides:

- 1) for the issuance of building permits and collection of fees for the activities; and
 - 2) penalties for violation of the provisions thereof.
- E) Any person who violates any provision of this Chapter shall be subject to the penalties specified in this Ordinance.

13.36.020 National Electrical Code.

- A) The National Electrical Code (N.E.C.) including appendices, most recent edition, is hereby adopted within this Ordinance and said Code Standards, by reference, are incorporated herein.
- B) A copy of the Code, most recent edition, shall be filed in the Office of the Sanpete County Building Inspection Department and be available for examination and reference by interested persons.
- C) Provisions of said Code establish rules and regulations for the erection, repair, and regulations for the erection, repair, and construction of electrical equipment, facilities, and devices used in the construction, maintenance, and operation of buildings and structures in Sanpete County.
- D) Said Code provides:
 - 1) for the issuance of permits and the collection of fees therefor; and
 - 2) penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof.
- F) Any person who violates any provision of this Chapter shall be subject to the penalties specified in this Ordinance.

13.36.030 International Mechanical Code.

- A) The International Mechanical Code (I.M.C.) including appendices, most recent edition, is hereby adopted within this Ordinance and said Code Standards, by reference, are incorporated herein.
- B) A copy of the Code, most recent edition, shall be filed in the office of the Sanpete County Building Inspection Department and be available for examination and reference by interested persons.
- C) Provisions of said Code establish rules and regulations for the erection, repair, and construction of mechanical equipment, facilities, and devices used in the construction, maintenance, and operation of buildings and structures in Sanpete County.
- D) Said Code provides:
 - 1) for the issuance of permits and the collection of fees therefor; and
 - 2) penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof.
- E) Any person who violates any provision of this Chapter shall be subject to the penalties specified in this Ordinance.

13.36.040 International Plumbing Code.

- A) The International Plumbing Code (I.P.C) including appendices, most recent edition, is hereby adopted within this Ordinance and said Code Standards, by reference, are incorporated herein.
- B) A copy of the Code, most recent edition, shall be filed in the office of the Sanpete County Building Inspection Department and be available for examination and reference by interested persons.

- C) Provisions of said Code establish rules and regulations for the construction installation, and repair of plumbing devices, equipment, and facilities used in the construction, maintenance, and operation of buildings and structures in Sanpete County.
- D) Said Code provides:
 - 1) for the issuance of permits and the collection of fees therefor; and
 - 2) penalties for the violation of the provisions thereof.
- E) Any person who violates any provision of this Chapter shall be subject to the penalties specified in this Ordinance.

13.36.050 International Fire Code.

Selected provisions of the International Fire Code including appendices, most recent edition, and International Fire Code Standards which are applicable to the International Building Code requirements and standards, as determined by the designated Building Official, or Health Official, for buildings and structures erected or modified in Sanpete County are hereby adopted by reference within this Chapter.

13.36.060 Uniform Code for Abatement of Dangerous Buildings.

Provisions of the Uniform Code for Abatement of Dangerous Buildings (U.C.A.D.B.) including appendices, most recent edition, are hereby adopted by reference and shall be enforced in Sanpete County as determined to be applicable by the Sanpete County Building Official.

13.36.070 Uniform Code for Building Conservation (Historic Structures).

The Uniform Code for Building Conservation (U.C.B.C.) contains provisions related to the conservation of historic structures. The present Sanpete County Historic Preservation Ordinance, adopted March 3, 1992, together with operational policies governing the restoration or refurbishing of historical buildings in Sanpete County, are hereby made a part of this Chapter by reference. Applicable provisions in each of the Codes adopted in this Chapter shall apply to commercial, industrial, and residential structures in Sanpete County which are reconstructed, refurbished, remodeled, or restored for historic preservation purposes and building permits will be required. At the time a building permit is obtained, written evidence and signed certification shall be presented, which documents that a licensed architect, building contractor, building official, or registered professional engineer has examined the structure and determined that it may appropriately and safely be restored. Based upon certification which is acceptable to the Sanpete County Building Official, provisions of the Uniform Code for Building Conservation (U.C.B.C.) may be invoked in restoring or refurbishing historic buildings in a manner that is consistent with the Uniform Code requirements adopted in the Sanpete County General Plan and in this Chapter. All remodeled or restored structures shall meet contemporary health and safety standards.

13.36.080 Utah Uniform Building Standards Act (U.U.B.S.A.).

All requirements of the Utah Uniform Building Standards Act, as amended by Session Laws of Utah, issued May 1, 1995, and as amended thereafter, are hereby adopted by reference

and shall be enforced in Sanpete County as determined to be applicable by the Sanpete County Building Official.

13.36.090 International Residential Code.

Provisions of the International Residential Code (I.R.C.) including appendices, most recent edition, are hereby adopted by reference and shall be enforced in Sanpete County. A copy of the Code shall be available for review by interested persons at the office of the Sanpete County Building Inspection Department.

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

As used in this title:

Average slope - an expression of rise and fall in elevation along a line perpendicular to the contours of the land connecting the highest point of land to the lowest point of land within a lot or building area. A vertical rise of one hundred (100) feet between two points one hundred (100) feet apart measured on a horizontal plane is one hundred (100) percent slope.

Block - the land surrounded by streets or other rights-of-way, other than an alley, or land which is designated as a block on any recorded subdivision plat.

Condominium - the ownership of a single unit in a multi-unit project together with an undivided interest in common in the common area and facilities of the property as provided by state law.

Crosswalk or walkway - a right-of-way designed for use by pedestrians and not intended for use by motor vehicles of any kind; a crosswalk or walkway or pedestrian way may be located within or without a street right-of-way, at grade, or grade-separated from vehicular traffic.

Cul-de-sac - a street which is designed to remain permanently closed at one end with the closed end terminated by a vehicular turnaround. For purposes of this title, the length of a cul-de-sac shall be measured from the centerline of the intersecting street along the centerline of the cul-de-sac terminates at the center of the turnaround.

Driveway - a private roadway, the use of which is limited to persons residing, employed or otherwise using or visiting the lot on which the roadway is located.

Dwelling - any building or portion thereof designed or used exclusively as the more or less permanent residence or sleeping place of one or more persons or families.

Easement - that portion of a lot or lots reserved for present or future use by a person or agency other than the legal owner(s) of said property(ies). The easement may be for use on, under, or above said lot or lots.

Environmental impact assessment - a report which describes, by means of written narrative as well as maps, a geographical area in terms of existing:

1. slope;
2. soils;
3. watercourses;
4. water table;
5. flood hazard areas;
6. geologic hazards;
7. vegetative types;
8. wildlife;
9. wildlife habitat; and
10. essential urban services presently available.

The report should also include:

1. a tabulation of proposed population density and the numbers and types of proposed dwellings at full development;
2. further description by means of written narrative as well as maps the impact of the proposed subdivision on the following specific subject areas once the anticipated population density is achieved within the area to be subdivided:

- a. watercourses and flood hazards;
 - b. natural vegetation;
 - c. wildlife;
 - d. erosion;
 - e. topsoil loss;
 - f. sedimentation of watercourses and reservoirs;
 - g. slope stability;
 - h. dust;
 - i. fire potential;
 - j. accumulation of solid and liquid wastes;
 - k. the need and desire for urban services.
3. evaluation of the potential area-wide economic sectors and the potential impact on school systems.
 4. recommendation on measures which, if undertaken, will mitigate or obviate the adverse impacts resulting from development of the proposed subdivision, and discusses the benefits to be gained from such subdivision.

Final plat - a subdivision map prepared in accordance with the provisions of this title which is designed to be placed on record in the office of the county recorder.

Fire protection - such water supply, water lines, fire hydrants and other protective devices as may be required in accordance with the provisions of this title.

Flood hazard - a hazard to land or improvements due to inundation or overflow water having sufficient velocity to transport or deposit debris, scour the surface soil, dislodge or damage buildings or erode the banks of water courses.

Frontage - all property fronting one side of the street between intersecting or intercepting streets, or between a street and right-of-way, waterway, end of dead-end street, or political subdivision boundary, measured along the street line. An intercepting street shall determine only the boundary of the frontage on the side of the street which it intercepts, or that common line between a lot and a public street. Street lines across which access denied or cannot be had because of topography or for other reasons shall not constitute frontage for purposes of this title.

General plan - A plan adopted by the Sanpete County Planning Commission which shows the most appropriate use of land within the county.

Geologic hazard - a hazard inherent in the crust of the earth, or artificially created, which is dangerous or potentially dangerous to life, property, or improvements, due to the movements, failure or shifting of the earth.

Improvement - work, objects, devices, facilities or utilities required to be constructed or installed in a subdivision. Such improvements may include, but are not limited to, street construction to required standards, water facilities, sewer facilities, sidewalks, curbs and gutters, drainage facilities, street trees, street signs, streetlights, traffic control or safety devices, fire hydrants, and such other facilities or construction required by this title, subdivision regulations, or by the planning commission and/or the board of county commissioners for the necessary proper development of the proposed subdivision.

Improvements agreement - an agreement between the local jurisdiction and a subdivider, wherein the subdivider agrees to install improvements required by the planning commission in consideration of which the board of county commissioners authorizes recording of the subject subdivision plat.

Land, Agricultural - "Agricultural land" - land whose primary use is determined to be agricultural in the general plan of Sanpete County, or which is included in an agricultural district in the zoning ordinance adopted by Sanpete County.

Land, Commercial - “Commercial land” - land whose optimum use is determined to be commercial, or which is included in a Planned Unit Development district in the zoning ordinance by Sanpete County.

Land, Industrial - “Industrial land” - land whose optimum use is determined to be industrial, or which is included in an Planned Unit Development district in the zoning ordinance adopted by Sanpete County.

Lot - a parcel or unit of land abutting a public street or approved private street, described by metes and bounds and held or intended to be held in separate lease or ownership, or a parcel or unit of land shown as a lot or parcel on a subdivision map, planned unit development plot map.

Lot, Corner - “Corner lot” - a lot abutting upon two or more streets at their intersection or upon two parts of the same street, such streets or parts of the same street forming an interior angle of less than one hundred thirty-five (135) degrees.

Lot, Restricted - “Restricted lot” - a lot having an average slope of thirty (30) percent or more or which does not contain a geotechnically buildable area of at least eighty-five (85) feet by one hundred (100) feet with an average slope of less than fifteen (15) percent, such lot being prohibited as a building site, or being required to be increased in area and width, and regulated and allowed to be developed only as required by the planning commission.

Lot, Unrestricted - “Unrestricted lot” - a lot having an average slope of less than thirty (30) percent and containing a buildable area of at least eighty-five (85) feet by one hundred (100) feet with an average slope of less than fifteen (15) percent, which buildable area is designated as such on the subdivision plat in which the lot is located, if the average slope of the lot is greater than fifteen (15) percent.

Off-street parking space - the space required to park one passenger vehicle, which space shall meet the requirements of the zoning ordinance. If there is insufficient parking space as required by the zoning ordinance, parking space dimensions and requirements shall be as determined by the planning commission.

Off-site facilities - improvements not on individual lots but generally within the boundaries of the subdivision which they serve, and as further outlined in this title. Such improvements shall include but not be limited to: sidewalks, curbs and gutters, street paving, street lighting and landscaping.

On-site facilities - construction or placement of the dwelling and its appurtenant improvements on a lot.

Pedestrian way - (“walkway or crosswalk”) - a right-of-way designed for use by pedestrians and not intended for use by motor vehicles of any kind; a crosswalk or walkway or pedestrian way may be located within or without a street right-of-way, at grade, or grade separated from vehicular traffic.

Permanent monument - any structure of concrete, masonry and/or metal permanently placed on or in the ground, including those expressly placed for surveying reference, which meets the requirements of Sanpete County for permanent monuments.

Planned unit development (PUD) - A development in which the regulations of the zone in which the development is situated to allow flexibility and initiative in site and building design and location in accordance with an approved plan and imposed general requirements outlined in the zoning ordinance.

Planning commission - the planning commission of Sanpete County.

Plot plan - a plat of a lot, drawn to scale, showing its actual measurements, the size and location of any existing buildings or buildings to be erected, the location of the lot in relation to abutting streets, north point, scale, utility easements, vehicle access, and such other information as may be required by this title or the planning commission.

Protection strip - a strip of land between the boundary of a subdivision and a street within the subdivision, for the purpose of controlling the access to the street by property owners abutting the subdivision.

Right-of-way - that portion of land dedicated to public use for street and utility purposes.

Streets - (also “roads and highways”) an open way, route or thoroughfare designed and constructed for vehicular traffic.

Street, public - “public street” - street which have been dedicated or abandoned to the public and then accepted by proper public authority.

Street, major - “major street” - a street which serves or is designed to serve heavy flows of traffic and which provides for traffic movements between communities and/or other heavy traffic generating areas.

Street, minor - “minor street” - a street, existing or proposed, which serves or is intended to serve the local needs of a neighborhood and is of limited continuity.

Street, collector - “collector street” - a street, existing or proposed which serves or is intended to serve as a primary traffic artery. Streets are generally identified as to their traffic carrying role by so designating each street on the major street plan of Sanpete County.

Street, commercial/industrial - “commercial/industrial street” - streets servicing industrial or commercial uses.

Street, frontage - “frontage street” - a minor street which is parallel to adjacent to a limited access major street and which provides access to abutting properties and protection from through traffic.

Street, half - “half street” - a street parallel and contiguous to a property line and of lesser right-of-way width than will eventually be required; the additional needed right-of-way width be obtained in the future from the abutting property owner prior to development as frontage.

Street, stub - “stub street” - a street extending from within a subdivision boundary and temporarily terminating there with no permanent vehicular turnaround. Stub streets are provided to permit adjacent undeveloped parcels of land to be developed later by continuing the stub street to the extended connecting street system.

Structure - anything constructed, the use of which requires fixed location on the ground, or attachment to something having a fixed location upon the ground, includes “building.”

Subdivider - any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association who causes land to be divided into a subdivision for himself or others.

Subdivision - the division, whether or not concurrent or sequential in time, of a tract or lot or parcel of land, into two or more (any division of land) lots, plots, sites or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of sale or of building development; provided, that this definition shall not include a bona fide division or partition of agricultural land for agricultural purposes as defined in this chapter, The word subdivision and any derivative thereof shall have reference to the term subdivision as herein defined.

For the purpose of this title, a subdivision of land shall also specifically include:

1. The dedication of a street through or adjacent to a tract of land, regardless of area, which may create a division of lots or parcels constituting a “subdivision”; or
2. Resubdivision of land heretofore divided or platted into lots, sites, or parcels;

Subdivision, minor - “minor subdivision” - the division, whether or not concurrent or sequential in time, of a tract or parcel of land into fewer than three building sites, tracts, or lots, each accessible by an existing public road, or newly constructed, approved road and meeting all other requirements of a minor subdivision in this title.

Urban services - those services normal associated with urban living, including but not limited to the following: electricity, natural gas, streets, schools, culinary water, sewage collection and treatment facilities, and police and fire protection.

Vicinity plan - a map or drawing, to scale, of any area proposed for development, showing existing and proposed streets, buildings, public facilities and utilities within a one-mile radius of the land proposed for subdivision; boundaries of zoning districts, taxing districts, and other special districts on and in the immediate vicinity of the land proposed for subdivision; watercourses, impoundments, streams, springs, wells and areas subject to continuous or occasional flooding on and in the immediate vicinity of the land proposed for subdivision.

SUBDIVISION IMPROVEMENTS AGREEMENT

Date Submitted _____

Address of Site

Applicants Name _____

Applicants Address

Applicants Phone Number _____

_____ In accordance with the Subdivision Approval Procedures 13.32.010 in the Sanpete County Subdivision Ordinance, Subdivision Improvements Agreement shall be signed as required before the Sanpete County Commissioners shall be authorized to signing the Final Plat in any Subdivision, (major or minor) in Sanpete County.

It is agreed by the owner/developer that either: (a) a legally tendered "Cash" bond shall be submitted to Sanpete County and held in escrow by Sanpete County to insure that all required improvements as required by the Sanpete County Subdivision Ordinance are fulfilled. This "Cash" bond shall be equal to the actual cost, plus 10% of making any improvements required to comply with all aspects of the Subdivision Ordinance. Such amounts shall be verified by Sanpete County using any resources necessary, (i.e. Banks, Assessors, Contractors, etc.) or (b) a certified "Letter of Credit" from a reputable loan or banking institution guaranteeing financial viability of the proposed development and also guaranteeing completion of all required improvements in such Subdivision by financially underwriting such proposed improvements.

Such "Cash" bond or "Letter of Credit" shall be held by Sanpete County until such improvements are completed and verified by the Sanpete County Zoning Administrator. At such time the "Cash" bond or "Letter of Credit" shall be released to the original owner/developer or certified representative.

If such improvements are not completed within two (2) years of submission of "Cash" bond or "Letter of Credit", such the owner/developer shall forfeit the remaining "Cash" bond or "Letter of Credit" to Sanpete County. A Building Permit shall be denied the Owner/Developer until all required improvements are completed in the proposed Subdivision.

An extension of time to complete any unfinished improvements may be filed with the Sanpete County Commission within 60 days of the expiration of the Subdivision Improvements Agreement.

Signed
Owner/Developer _____

Sanpete County Commissioners _____

Sanpete County Attorney _____

Date Signed _____

Expiration Date _____

Sanpete County Subdivision Process

<u>PROCESS STEPS</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>SIGNATURE OF COMPLETION</u>
<u>CONCEPT PLAN</u>		
Received (Zoning Administrator)	_____	_____
Completed Application (Zoning Administrator)	_____	_____
Approval (Planning Commission)	_____	_____
<u>PRELIMINARY PLAN</u>		
Received (Zoning Administrator)	_____	_____
Plat Review (County Recorder))	_____	_____
Completed Application (Zoning Administrator)	_____	_____
Approval (Planning Commission)	_____	_____
<u>FINAL PLAT</u>		
Received (Zoning Administrator)	_____	_____
Completed Application (Zoning Administrator)	_____	_____
Approval (County Recorder)	_____	_____
Approval (Planning Commission)	_____	_____
Approval (County Commission)	_____	_____

Subdivision Application Minor Plan Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff
3 copies of <i>Minor Plan</i> (See Chapter 13.20)			
Plans shall contain the following drawing requirements:			
M I N O R P L A N	A. Perimeter outline drawing of proposed plan area		
	B. Traverse map of monumented perimeter of plan area (See 13.20.030 and 13.24.050)		
	C. Contour map 2 foot - (level and 5% grade) 5 foot - (>5%grade)		
	D. Lot and street layout		
	E. Dimensions of all lots to nearest foot		
	F. Total acreage of entire proposed subdivision		
	G. Lots and blocks numbered consecutively and Addresses on Mylar		
	H. Locations and identification of all existing and proposed public and private easements		
	I. Existing and proposed street names		
	J. Drawn to scale 1"=100', with: basis of bearings, true north point, name of subdivision, name of county, township, range, section, and quarter section, block and lot number of property under consideration		
	K. An affidavit (certificate for clear title) (See 13.20.030)		
	L. Location, function, ownership, and manner of maintenance of common open space or non-buildable area not otherwise reserved or dedicated for public use.		
	M. Supporting documents 1. Sewer System 2. Power System 3. Water Right 4. Road Access Compliance 5. Fire & Police Waiver 6. Copy of Current Title Search 13.21.010 (E)		

THE APPLICANT IS CAUTIONED THAT THIS CHECKLIST IS ONLY A GUIDE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE OR SUBSTITUTE FOR COMPLETION OF ALL SUBDIVISION REQUIREMENTS. PLEASE REFER TO THE SUBDIVISION ORDINANCE TITLE 13 FOR FULL REQUIREMENTS.

Subdivision and Planned Unit Development Concept Plan Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff
Municipal annexation request form (Zoning Ordinance, Title 14, Appendix E)			
Application form with this checklist			
Payment of review fees			
3 copies of Concept Plan (See Chapter 13.16) Plans shall contain the following items as appropriate:			
C O N C E P T P L A N	A. Municipal annexation request form		
	B. Proposed name of subdivision		
	C. A vicinity plan		
	D. Proposed lot and street layout		
	E. Description of water system/documentation		
	F. Description of sewer or sanitary system		
	G. Description of method of financing improvements		
	H. Acreage of entire tract proposed/maintenance plans (refer to 14.76.030 and 14.76.060)		
	I. Geologic Hazards (if any)		
	J. Written statement of feasibility/overall impact		
	K. Letters of feasibility 1. Water system proposed 2. Sanitary system proposed		
<i>All concept plan review materials should be included with copies of this checklist prior to submission to zoning administrator's office at least 21 days prior to the next regularly scheduled planning commission meeting.</i>			

Subdivision and Planned Unit Development Preliminary Plan Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff
3 copies of <i>Preliminary Plan</i> (See Chapter 13.20) Plans shall contain the following drawing requirements:			
P R E L I M I N A R Y P L A N	A. Perimeter outline drawing of proposed plan area		
	B. Traverse map of monumented perimeter of plan area (See 13.20.030 and 13.24.050)		
	C. Contour map 2 foot - (level and 5% grade) 5 foot - (>5%grade)		
	D. Lot and street layout		
	E. Dimensions of all lots to nearest foot (Accuracy as required in Chapter 13.24)		
	F. Total acreage of entire proposed subdivision		
	G. Lots and blocks number consecutively and Addresses on Mylar		
	H. Locations and identification of all existing and proposed public and private easements		
	I. Existing and proposed street names		
	J. Street profiles to show proposed grades		
	K. Drawn to scale 1"=100', with: basis of bearings, true north point, name of subdivision, name of county, township, range, section, and quarter section, block and lot number of property under consideration		
	L. Location of trees (See 13.20.030)		
	M. An affidavit (certificate for clear title) (See 13.20.030)		
	N. Sites, if any, reserved or dedicated for public use		
	O. Sites, if any, for community facilities, or other uses		
P. Location, function, ownership, and manner of maintenance of common open space or non-buildable area not otherwise reserved or dedicated for public use.			

Subdivision and Planned Unit Development Preliminary Plan Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff	
3 copies of the following shall accompany and be part of the submission:				
P R E L I M I N A R Y P L A N	SUPPORTINT DOCUMENTS REQUIRED	A. Report on sewer or sanitary system		
		B. A vicinity plan		
		C. A map at suitable scale showing the following: 1. Proposed storm water drainage systems 2. Boundaries of 100 year storm water overflow 3. Composite utilities plan 4. Proposed location of private wells & sewage		
		D. All covenants, grants of easements or restrictions to be imposed on the use of the land, buildings, and structures		
		E. Soil suitability letter		
		F. Geologic maps and investigation reports		
		G. Utility company letters 1. Irrigation Company Notification (Waiver)		
		H. An environmental impact assessment		
		I. Change applications for each lot and/or State approvals for central water systems for culinary usage in subdivisions.		
		J. Verification and approval of roads to compliance with all road standards contained within this code.		
		K. A signed Subdivision Improvements Agreement may be required for minor subdivisions.		
		L. Letter from U.D.O.T. and/or County Road giving approval for access to and from any State or County regulated road or highway.		
		M. Letter of waiver concerning Fire Protection & Police Response.		
		N. County Recorder Approval.		

Subdivision and Planned Unit Development Preliminary Plan Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff	
The summary statement shall include:				
SUMMARY STATEMENT OF PROPOSAL (13.20.050)	A. Total development area, and number of proposed dwelling units			
	B. Total number of off-street parking spaces (if any)			
	C. Estimated number of gallons per day of water requirements where distribution system is utilized			
	D. Estimated number of gallons per day of sewage to be treated, by a sewage treatment facility (if any)			
	E. Estimated construction costs and proposed method of financing improvements and utilities.			
	F. Survey notes of subdivision perimeter survey, and copies of all monument records.			
	(13.20.070) G. Planning commission approval.			
	(14.52.050)	H. Impact on emergency services such as fire & police protection. Impact fees assessed.		
		I. Impact on roads.		
<i>All preliminary plan review materials should be included with copies of this checklist prior to submission to zoning administrator's office at least 21 days prior to the next regularly scheduled planning commission meeting.</i>				

Subdivision and Planned Unit development Final Plat Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff
1 original and 7 prints of the final plat (See Chapter 13.24) Plats shall contain the following drawing requirements:			
F I N A L P L A T	A. Plat prepared and certified by registered land surveyor licensed in the state of Utah		
	B. Plat delineated in permanent ink, mylar, electronic form, or equivalent		
	C. Bearings, distances and curve data of all perimeter boundary lines shall be indicated outside the boundary line, not inside with the lot dimensions		
	D. If plat is revised, a copy of the old plat shall be provided for comparison purposes. All surveys shall be tied into the state coordinate system		
	E. All blocks and all lots within each block shall be consecutively numbered and addresses for all streets and lots		
	F. On curved boundaries and all curves in the plat, sufficient data shall be given to enable the re-establishment of the curves on the ground. This curve data should include: 1. Radius of curve; 2. Central angle; 3. Tangent; 4. Arc length		
	G. Excepted parcel shall be marked "Not included in this subdivision" and the boundary completely indicated by bearings and distances		
	H. All streets, walkways, and alleys designated as such, streets named; bearings and dimensions given		
	I. All easements shall be designated as such and bearings and dimensions given		
	J. All lands within the boundaries of the plat shall be accounted for either as lots, walkways, streets, alleys, or as excepted parcels.		
	K. All dimensions of irregularly shaped lots shall be indicated in each lot		
	L. All bearings and lengths for lot lines		
	M. Only one non-contiguous parcel per plat		
	N. Lengths shall be shown to hundredths of a foot, and angles and bearings shall be shown to seconds of an arc		

Subdivision and Planned Unit Development Final Plat Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff
O. The information on the final plat shall include:			
INFORMATION ON THE FINAL PLAT (13.24.030)	1. Name of subdivision; north arrow; and date		
	2. Name and address of owner or owners of record		
	3. Total acreage of subdivision; total number of lots		
	4. Township, range, section (quarter section, if portion)		
	5. Graphic scale		
	6. Any additional information required by local ordinance; or by state law		
P. Signatures required on the plat:			
SIGNATURES REQUIRED ON THE FINAL PLAT (13.24.030)	1. Board of County Commissioners		
	2. County Planning Commission		
	3. County Attorney		
	4. Owner(s) of record		
	5. Notary Public		
	6. Engineer's Certificate		
	7. Surveyor's Certificate		
	8. Other signatures required (County Clerk)		
Drawings showing layout, profile, and detail design of:			
SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS REQUIRED (13.24.070)	A. Utility company letters		
	B. Plan, profile and typical cross-section drawings of roads, bridges, culverts, sewers and other drainage structures		
	C. Grading and drainage plan.		
	D. Erosion control plan (if required)		
	E. Exact copy of a certificate of a title insurance company or attorney's opinion on all encumbrances that affect the property		

Subdivision and Planned Unit Development Final Plat Checklist		To be completed by Applicant	To be completed by Staff
SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS REQUIRED (Cont'd) (13.24.070)	F. Proof of dedication of existing easement or right-of-way (if any)		
	G. Letters of intent from any agency receiving dedicated land (if any)		
	H. Railroad crossing permits (if any)		
	I. Protective covenants, trust agreements, homeowner's association bylaws, deed restrictions, etc. for governing additional requirements of the land and lot owners within the subdivision		
	J. Monument record		
	K. Federal housing program required documentation (if any)		
	L. Change applications or approval from State, if using a central water system. (Sec 13.28.210)		
	M. Letter from State, approving Sanitary Sewer System.		
	N. Letter from Zoning Administrator and/or County Road Supervisor, approving the roads.		
	O. Financial Responsibilities 1. Improvements agreement signed 2. Bond or arraignment made to finance infrastructure + 10% retainer.		
SUMMARY STATEMENT OF PROPOSAL (13.24.080)	A revised proposal summary statement shall be submitted to reflect any changes made from the summary statement of the approved preliminary design plan.		

All final plat review materials should be included with copies of this checklist prior to submission to zoning administrator's office at least 21 days prior to the next regularly scheduled planning commission meeting